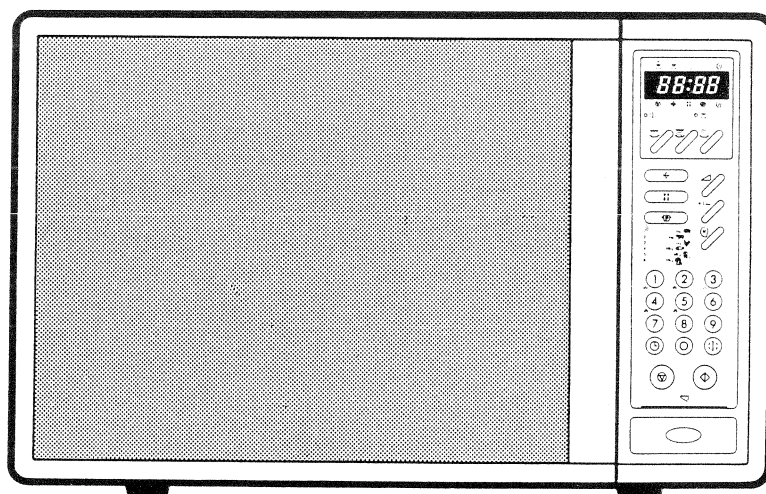


7

MICROWAVE OVEN

Service Manual

Model: KOG-892X



PRECAUTIONS TO BE OBSERVED BEFORE AND DURING SERVICING TO AVOID POSSIBLE EXPOSURE TO EXCESSIVE MICROWAVE ENERGY.

- (a) Do not operate or allow the oven to be operated with the door open.
- (b) Make the following safety checks on all ovens to be serviced before activating the magnetron or other microwave source, and make repairs as necessary: (1) Interlock operation (2) proper door closing, (3) seal and sealing surfaces (arcing, wear, and other damage), (4) damage to or loosening of hinges and latches, (5) evidence of dropping or abuse.
- (c) Before turning on microwave power for any service test or inspection within the microwave generating compartments, check the magnetron, wave guide or transmission line, and cavity for proper alignment, integrity and connections.
- (d) Any defective or misadjusted components in the interlock, monitor, door seal, and microwave generation and transmission systems shall be repaired, replaced, or adjusted by procedures described in this manual before the oven is released to the owner.
- (e) A microwave leakage check to verify compliance with the Federal performance standard should be performed on each oven prior to release to the owner.

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CAUTION

This Device is to be Serviced Only by Properly Qualified Service Personnel. Consult the Service Manual for Proper Service Procedures to Assure Continued Safety Operation and for Precautions to be Taken to Avoid Possible Exposure to Excessive Microwave Energy.

PROPER USE AND PRECAUTIONS

1. For Safe Operation

Damage that allows the microwave energy (that cooks or heats the food) to escape will result in poor cooking and may cause serious bodily injury to the operator.

IF ANY OF THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS EXIST, OPERATOR MUST NOT USE THE APPLIANCE. (Only trained service personnel should make repairs.)

- 1) A broken door hinge.
- 2) A broken door screen.
- 3) A broken front panel, oven cavity.
- 4) A loosened door lock.
- 5) A broken door lock.

The door gasket plate, and oven cavity surface should be kept clean.

No grease, soil or spatter should be allowed to build up on these surface or inside the oven.

DO NOT ATTEMPT TO OPERATE THIS APPLIANCE WITH THE DOOR OPEN. The microwave oven has concealed switches to make sure the power is turned off when the door is opened. Do not attempt to defeat them.

DO NOT ATTEMPT TO SERVICE THIS APPLIANCE UNTIL YOU HAVE READ THIS SERVICE MANUAL.

2. For Safe Service Procedures.

- 1) This microwave oven weights 23.5kg (51.8 lbs) and must be placed on a horizontal base strong enough to support this weight.
- 2) The oven should be placed as far from high temperature heat source and vapour as possible.
- 3) The power supply cord is 1.6m (5.25ft) long. Grounding is required when connecting the power source.
- 4) Maximum power consumption of this oven is approximately 2.60KW. It is suggested that the unit is operated on such power line that can provide more power than this rating.
- 5) Objects must not be placed on the top enclosure so as not to obstruct air flow for ventilation.

CAUTION

MICROWAVE RADIATION

PERSONNEL SHOULD NOT BE EXPOSED TO THE MICROWAVE ENERGY WHICH MAY RADIATE FROM THE MAGNETRON OR OTHER MICROWAVE GENERATING DEVICE IF IT IS IMPROPERLY USED OR CONNECTED. ALL INPUT AND OUTPUT MICROWAVE CONNECTIONS, WAVEGUIDES, FLANGES, AND GASKETS MUST BE SECURE. NEVER OPERATE THE DEVICE WITHOUT A MICROWAVE ENERGY ABSORBING LOAD ATTACHED. NEVER LOOK INTO AN OPEN WAVEGUIDE OR ANTENNA WHILE THE DEVICE IS ENERGIZED.

SPECIFICATIONS

| | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Power Supply | | 230V single phase with grounding 50Hz AC |
| Microwave | Power Consumption | 1.3 KW |
| | Output Power | 800 W |
| | Frequency | 2,450 MHz |
| Grill Power Consumption | | 1.35 KW |
| Combination Heating Power Consumption | | 2.6 KW |
| Outside Dimensions (W × H × D) | | 526(20.7) × 360(14.2) × 470(18.5) mm (inch) |
| Cavity Dimensions (W × H × D) | | 330(13.0) × 261(10.3) × 343(13.5) mm (inch) |
| Net Weight | | Approx. 23 kg (50.7 lbs.) |
| Timer | | Digital Timer 99 min. 99 Sec. (Grill: 30 min.) |
| Select Function | | Microwav/Defrost/Grill/Combination/Rotate Program Cook |
| Microwave Power Level | | 5 (High)/4 (Med High)/3 (Med)/ 2 (Med Low)/1 (Low) |

*(Specifications subject to change without notice.)

EXTERNAL VIEWS

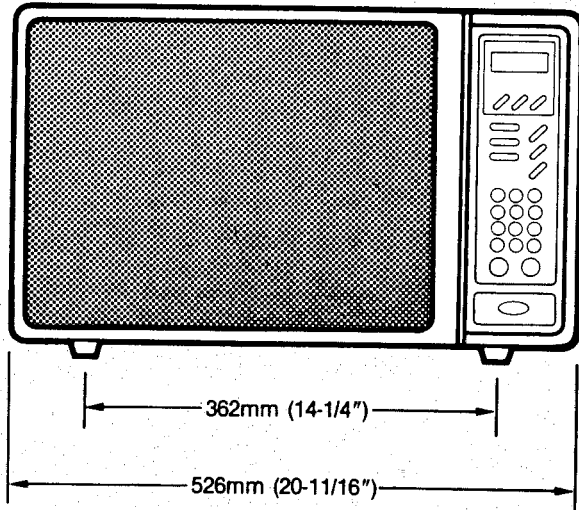


Fig. 1 Front View

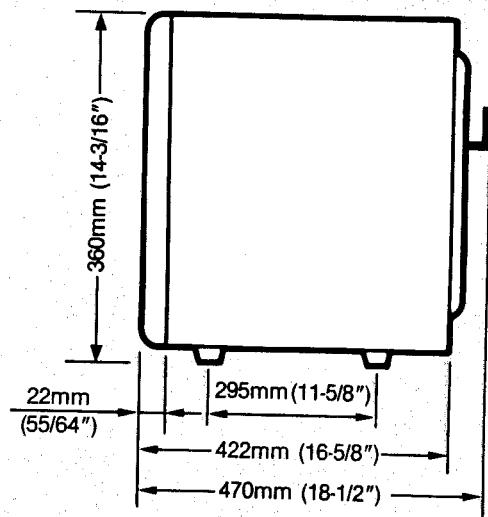


Fig. 2 Side View

FEATURES

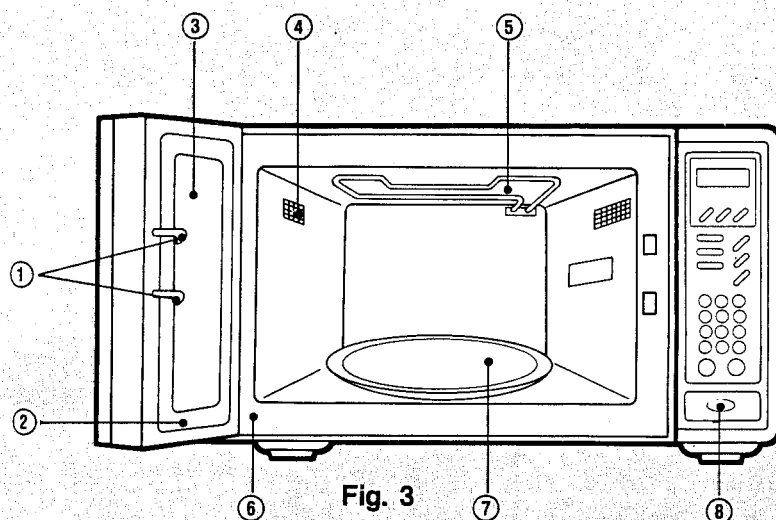


Fig. 3

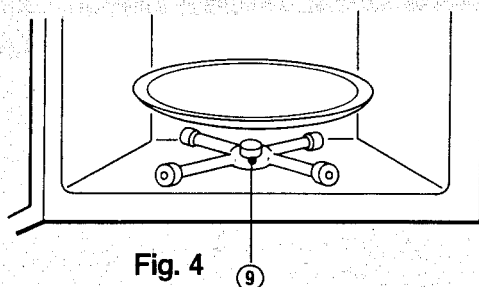


Fig. 4

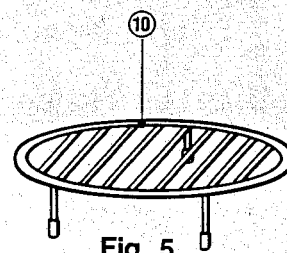


Fig. 5

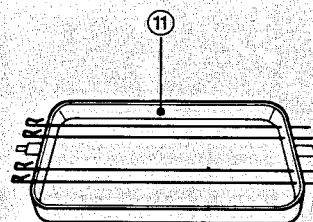


Fig. 6

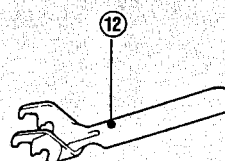


Fig. 7

① **DOOR HOOK**

When door is closed, it will automatically lock shut. If door is opened while oven is operating, magnetron tube will immediately stop operating.

② **DOOR SEAL**

Door seal maintains the microwave with the oven cavity and prevents microwave leakage.

③ **DOOR SCREEN**

Allows viewing of food. Microwave cannot pass through perforations in screen.

④ **OVEN LAMP**

Automatically turns on during door opening.

⑤ **HEATER**

Turns on when grill or combination cooking is selected.

⑥ **OVEN FRONT PLATE**

Metal frame surrounding oven opening.

⑦ **TURNTABLE TRAY**

Rotates during cooking and ensure even distribution of Microwaves. It can also be used as a cooking utensil.

⑧ **DOOR OPENING BUTTON**

To open the door, push the door opening button. When door is closed, it will automatically lock shut. If door is opened while oven is operating, magnetron tube will immediately stop operating.

⑨ **ROTATING BASE**

This fits over the shaft in the center of the oven's cavity floor. This is to remain in the oven for all cooking. It should only be removed for cleaning.

⑩ **METAL RACK**

⑪ **ROTO-GADGET**

⑫ **TONGS**

CONTROL PANEL

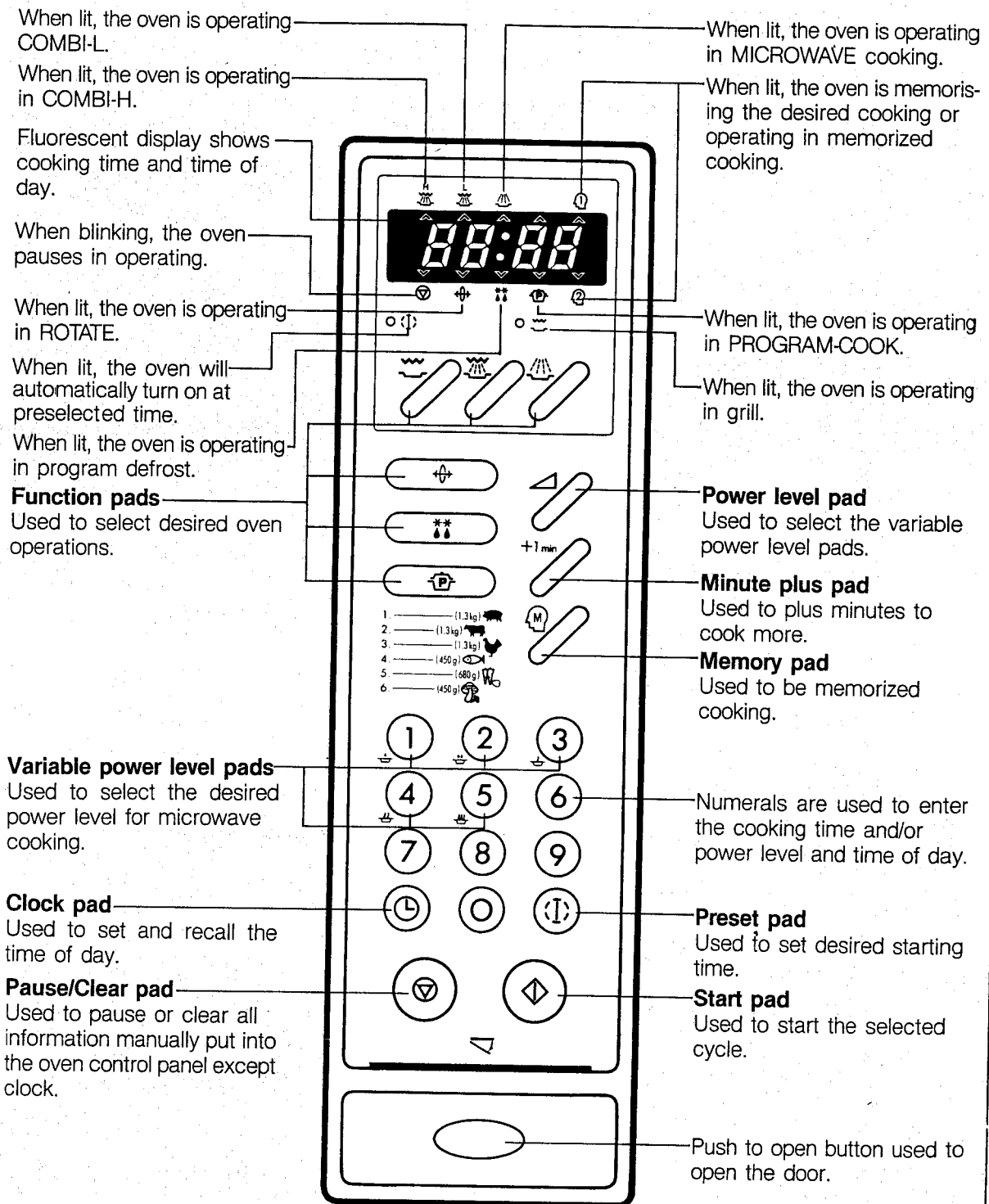




Fig. 8


OPERATION

1. Plug power supply cord into a standard 3-pronged 15 Amp. power outlet.
2. After placing the food in a suitable utensil, open the oven door and put it on the tray. Tray must always be in place during cooking.
3. Shut the door. Make sure that it is firmly closed.
4. How to set the oven controls,





1) CLOCK

- (1) Touch  (clock) pad.
- (2) Touch the numeral pads for the desired time.
- (3) Touch  pad.



2) MICROWAVE COOKING

- (1) Touch  (microwave) pad.
- (2) Touch the numeral pads for the desired cooking time.



NOTE: If steps (3) and (4) are omitted, the oven will cook at full power.

- (3) Touch  (power level) pad.
- (4) Touch to select the desired microwave power level from  to .
- (5) Touch  (start) pad.





3) PROGRAM DEFROST

- (1) Touch  (program-defrost) pad.
- (2) Touch the numeral pads for the desired defrosting time.
- (3) Touch  (start) pad.





4) GRILLING COOKING

- (1) Touch  (grill) pad.
- (2) Touch the numeral pads for the desired cooking time.
- (3) Touch  (start) pad.


5) COMBINATION COOKING

- (1) Touch  (combi) pad.
- (2) Touch the numeral pad  or  the desired cooking function.
- (3) Touch the numeral pads for the desired cooking time.
- (4) Touch  (start) pad.



6) ROTATE FUNCTION

- (1) Touch  (rotate) pad.
- (2) Touch  (combi) pad.
- (3) Touch the numeral pad  or  the desired cooking function.

- (4) Touch the numeral pads for the desired cooking time.





- (5) Touch  (start) pad.

7) PRESET



- (1) Set the clock or make sure it is set for the correct time of day.
- (2) Touch  (preset) pad.
- (3) Touch the numeral pads for the desired preset time.
- (4) Set the cooking program(s).
- (5) Touch  (start) pad.

8) MEMORY


* To memorize the desired cooking.

- (1) Touch to select the desired cooking function and time.
- (2) Touch  (memory) pad.
- (3) Touch the numeral pad  or  the desired memory.
- (4) Touch  (start) pad.




* To recall the memorized cooking.

- (1) Touch  (pause/clear) pad.
- (2) Touch to select the desired memorized cooking.
- (3) Touch  (start) pad.

9) MINUTE PLUS

- (1) Touch to select the desired cooking function and time.
- (2) Touch once  (minute plus) pad.

10) PROGRAM COOK

- (1) Touch  (program cook) pad.
- (2) Select the desired cooking.
- (3) If you want to select other cooking, touch the  (program cook) pad once and again until cooking that you desired is displayed.
- (4) Touch  (start) pad.

- NOTE:**
- When using COMBI or COMBI rotate modes, please refer to cooking guide.
 - When you cook big lump of food (ex: chicken, roast pork, roast beef, etc.), steam can be leak out over the door or under sides, sometimes water drop can be drop under floor below the door.
 - So you don't need to worry about if the oven is out of water, the oven is not failure.

INTERLOCK MECHANISM FUNCTIONS AND ADJUSTMENTS

The door lock mechanism is a device which has been specially designed to completely eliminate microwave radiation when the door is opened during cooking, and thus to perfectly prevent the danger resulting from the leakage of microwave.

Whenever the door lock mechanism is repaired, check the continuity of interlock switches according to "Electrical Continuity Check of Interlock Switches" on page 22 and check the microwave leakage according to "Microwave Leakage Test" on page 23.

1. Primary and Secondary Interlock Switches and Interlock Monitor Switch

1-1. Mechanical Function

When the door is closed, the hooks snap on the latch on the oven body, locking the oven door.

If the door is not closed properly, the oven will not Operate. Fig. 9 shows the closed door condition. When the door is closed, the tip of the top hook presses the lever of primary interlock switch, and the lower hook pushes the slider of the interlock monitor switch to bring it to open, and the tip of the hook pushes the slider (1) and then the slider (1) presses the lever of secondary interlock switch to bring it under "ON" condition. (Fig. 9).

1-2. Pushing the Door-Opening Button

Pushing the door-opening button to open the door mechanically moves the slider (1) upward which in turn, raises the hook, then the switch button pushes the levers upward, and turns off the interlock switches (primary and secondary interlock switches), and then the interlock monitor switch is closed. (Refer to Fig. 10)

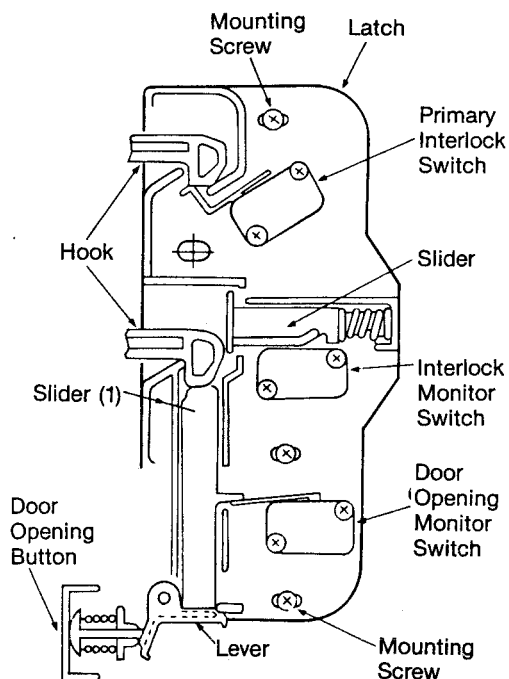


Fig. 9

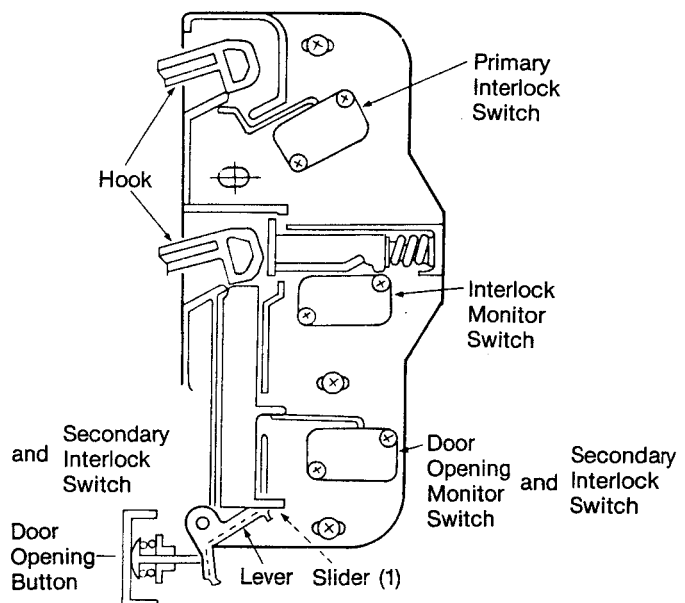


Fig. 10

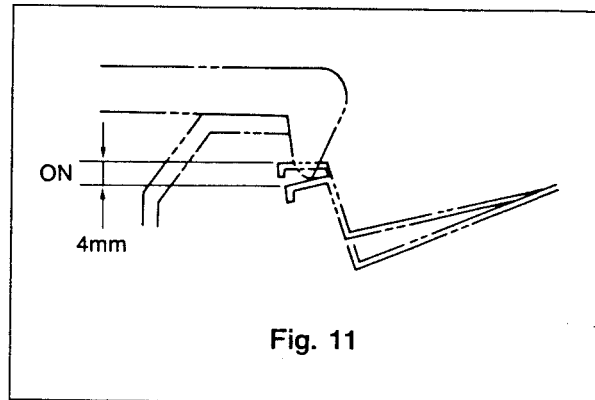
2. Adjustment Procedure

(1) Preliminaries:

The Primary and Secondary Interlock switch should be adjusted as below.

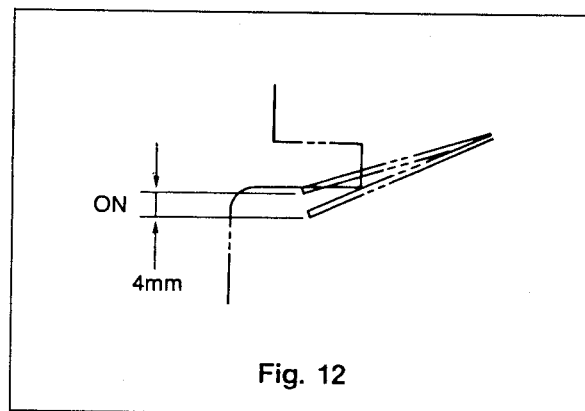
Primary Interlock Switch—The movement of the lever of the primary interlock switch is lowered by 4mm ($5/32''$) measured at the top of the lever. (Refer to Fig. 11)

Secondary Interlock Switch—The Movement of the lever of the secondary interlock switch is lowered by 4mm ($5/32''$) measured at the top of the lever. (Refer to Fig. 12)



(2) Adjustment Steps:

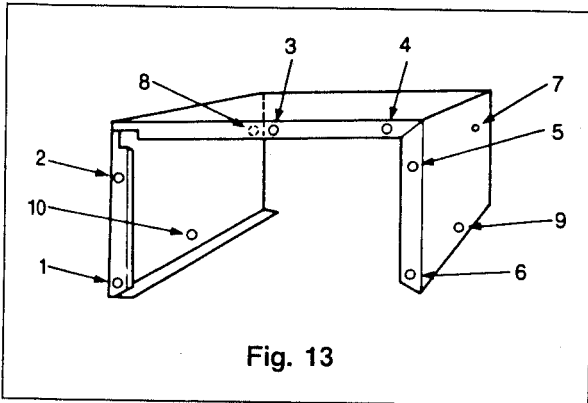
- Loosen the latch Mounting screws.
- Adjust the primary and secondary interlock switch assembly position.
- Confirm the movement described on (1).
- Tighten the latch mounting screws.



DISASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

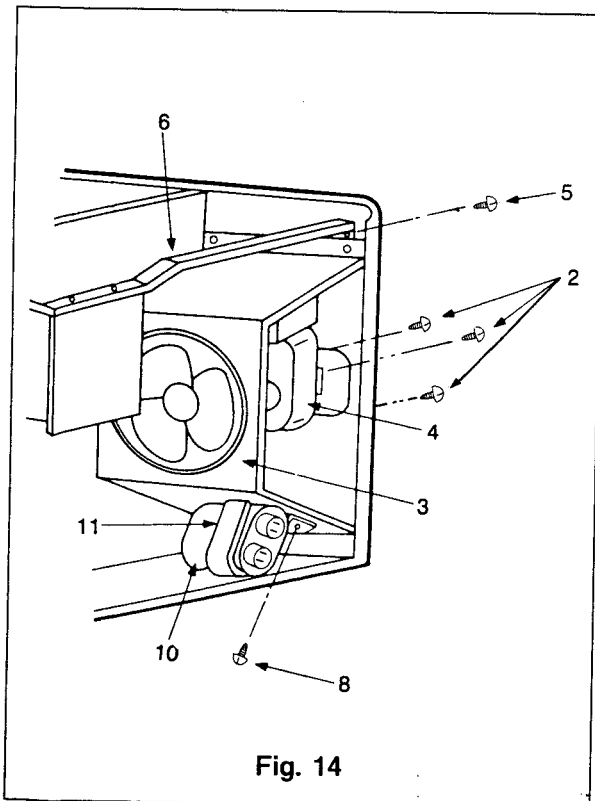
1. Cabinet Removal (Refer to Fig. 13)

- 1) Remove six screws ① to ⑥ on cabinet back.
- 2) Remove four screws ⑦ to ⑩ on cabinet side.



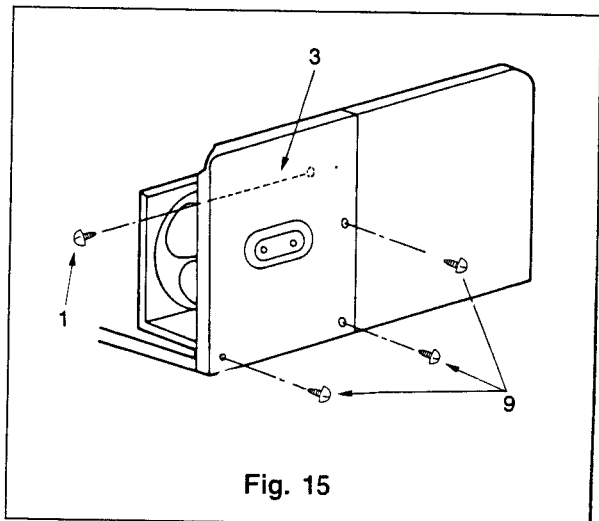
2. Blower Motor Removal (Refer to Fig. 14)

- 1) Remove the cabinet parts.
- 2) Remove two screws ②.
- 3) Remove blower motor assembly ④.



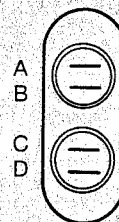
3. Capacitor Removal (Refer to Fig. 14, Fig. 15)

- 1) Remove the cabinet parts.
- 2) Remove screws ⑤.
- 3) Remove channel ⑥.
- 4) Remove screws ⑨.
- 5) Remove screw ①.
- 6) Remove back plate 'B' assembly.
- 7) Remove back ⑧.
- 8) Remove a capacitor bracket ⑪ with capacitor ⑩.



CAUTIONS:

HV-Lead from transformer to capacitor must be connected to outside terminal 'A' or 'B'.



B: H.V. Fuse
C: Magnetron
D: H.V. Rectifier

4. Transformer Removal (Refer to Fig. 16)

- 1) Remove the cabinet parts.
- 2) Remove three bolts ①.
- 3) Remove the transformer ②.

CAUTION:

Filament leads connected to magnetron must be routed away from transformer core, primary winding, primary lead, primary terminal of transformer and any metal parts.

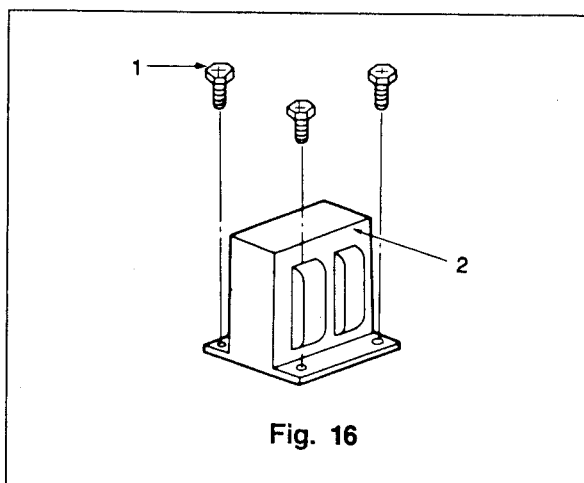


Fig. 16

5. Heater Assembly Removal (Refer to Fig. 17)

- 1) Remove the cabinet parts.
- 2) Remove back plate 'A'.
- 3) Remove two screws ①.
- 4) Remove two nuts ③.
- 5) Remove sheath heater ②.

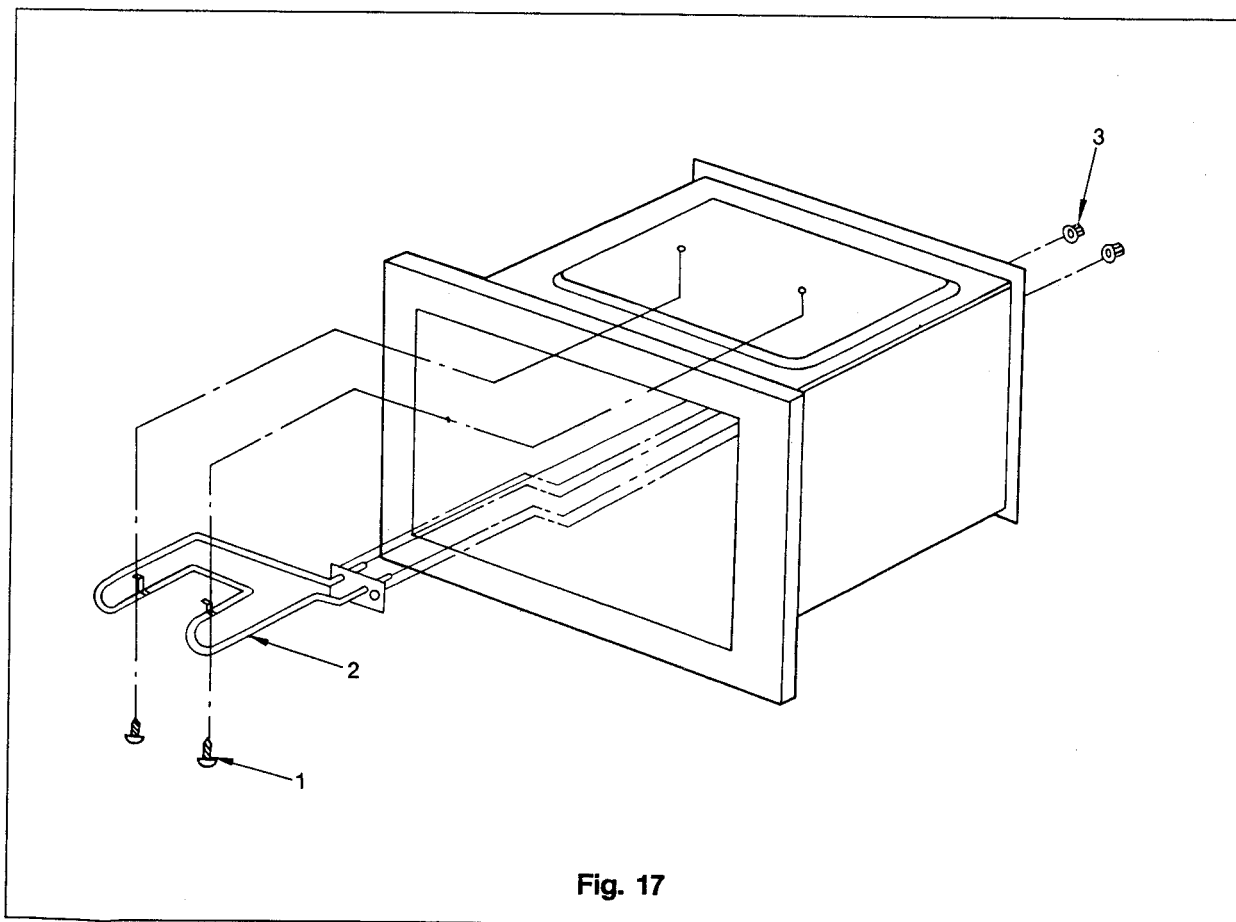
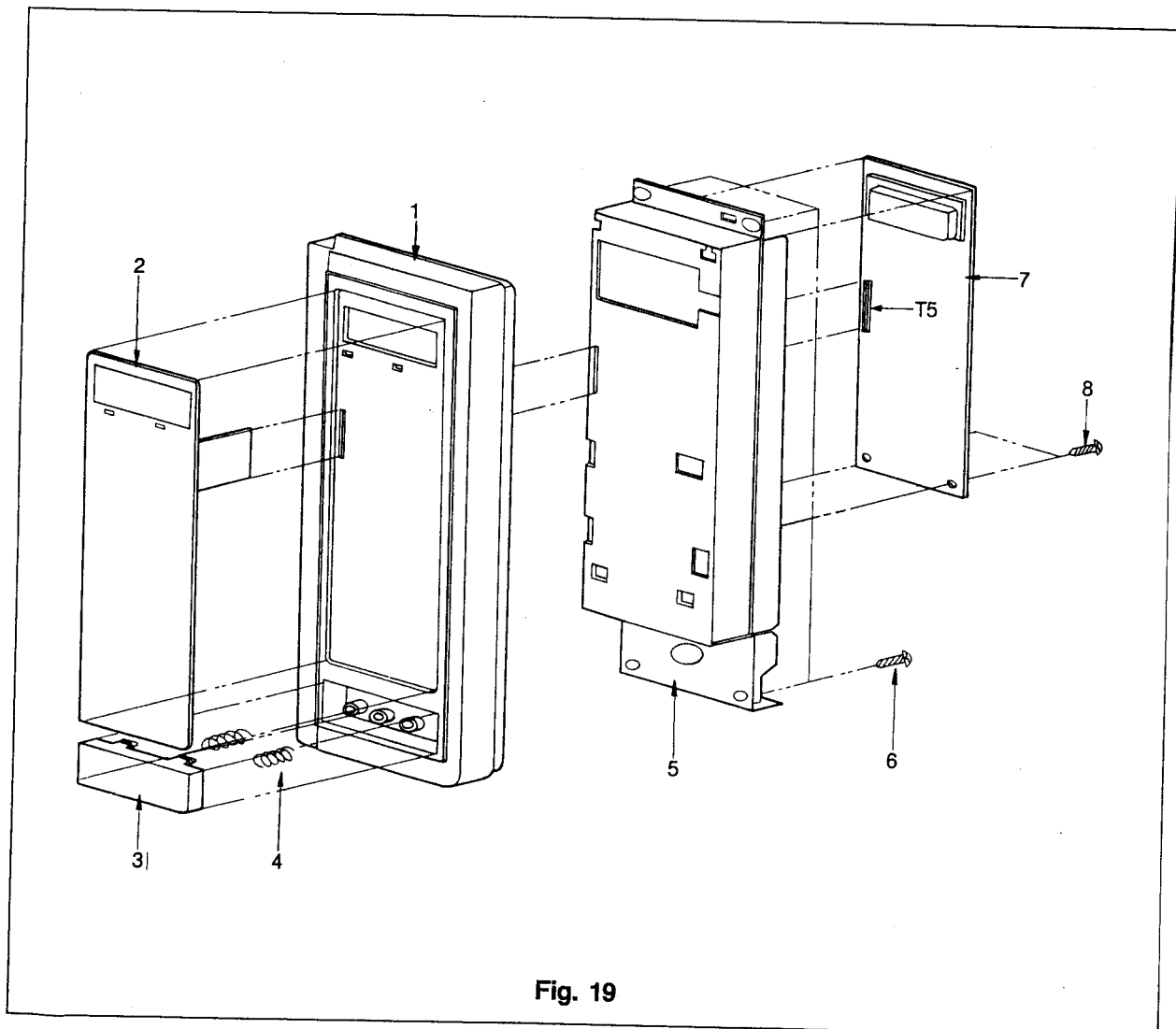
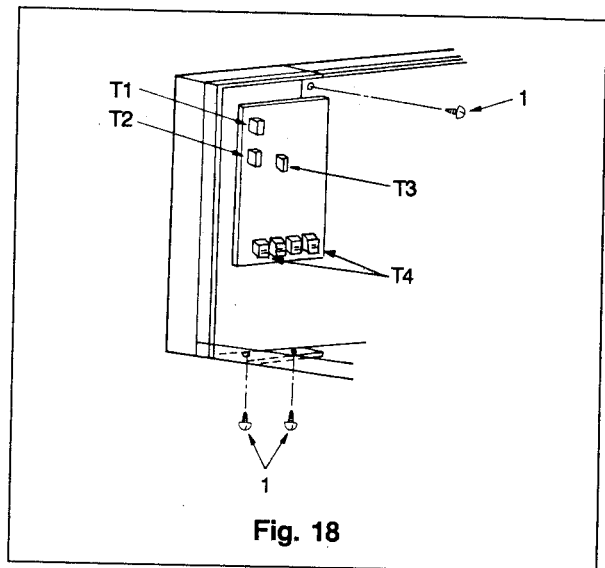


Fig. 17

6. Control Panel Assembly Removal

6-1 control Panel Assembly (Refer to Fig. 18)

- 1) Remove the cabinet parts.
- 2) Remove the channel.
- 3) Disconnect connectors T1, T2, T3, T4, on the DMP-881C board assembly.
- 4) Remove three screws ① holding panel assembly to the oven front and to the base.
- 5) Pull out the panel assembly from oven front.



6-2. Keyboard assembly and PC Board Assembly (Refer to Fig. 18, 19)

- 1) Remove the control panel assembly as directed in "6-1 Control Panel Assembly Removal".
- 2) Remove four screws ⑥ holding back plate C ⑤ to the panel control ①.
- 3) Disconnect connector (T5) from the DMP-881C board assembly ⑦.
- 4) Remove two screw ⑧.
- 5) Remove the board assembly ⑦ from the back plate C. ⑤.

7. Magnetron Assembly Removal (Refer to Fig. 20)

- 1) Remove the cabinet parts.
- 2) Remove the channel.
- 3) Remove the control panel assembly.
- 4) Remove the lead wires ① from the magnetron.
- 5) Remove screw ②.
- 6) Remove damper, assembly ⑥.
- 7) Remove two screws ④ holding the magnetron thermostat ⑨.
- 8) Remove two screw ③ holding the plate ⑧.
- 9) Remove four screws ⑤ holding the magnetron ⑦.

CAUTION-MICROWAVE LEAKAGE

Never install the magnetron without the metallic gasket plate which is packed with each magnetron to prevent microwave leakage.
(Refer to Figs. 21, 22)

Whenever repair work is carried out on magnetron, check the microwave leakage according to the procedure specified in the "Microwave Leakage Test" on pae 23.

8. Door Assembly Removal (Refer to Fig. 23)

- 1) Remove the cabinet parts.
- 2) Remove two screws ① which secure the top door hinge ③.
- 3) Remove three screws ② which secure the bottom door hinge ④.
- 4) Remove door assembly ⑤.

.... DO NOT OPERATE WITHOUT CABINET

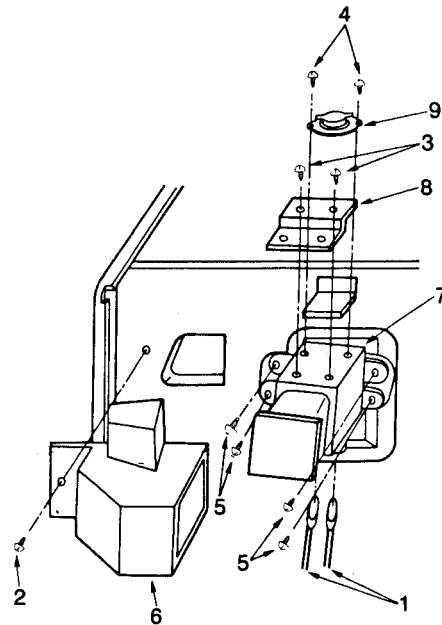


Fig. 20

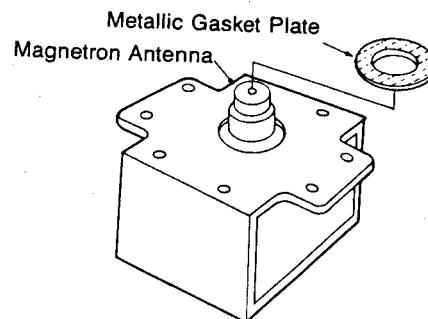


Fig. 21

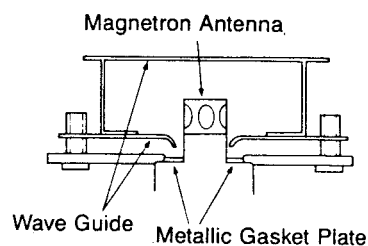


Fig. 22

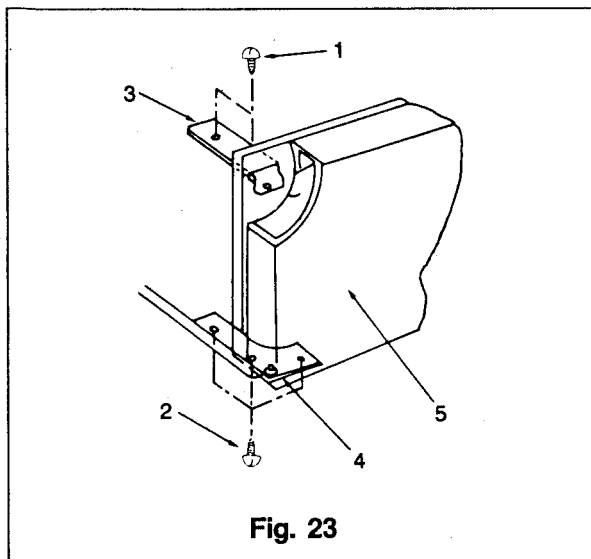


Fig. 23

9. Door Cover and outer Barrier Removal (Refer to Fig. 24, 25, 26)

- 1) Remove door assembly.
- 2) Remove three screws (1) which secure the door weld assembly (3).
- 3) Disengage four insides of door cover (5) from the door seal (6) of door weld assembly using a thin metal plate or screw driver (7) as indicated (refer to Fig. 25).
- 4) Remove the door cover.
- 5) Disengage three insides of door frame (2) from the projections (8) of door weld assembly using a thin metal plate or screw driver (7) as indicated (Refer to Fig. 25, 26)
- 6) Detach the door frame.
- 7) Detach outer barrier (4).

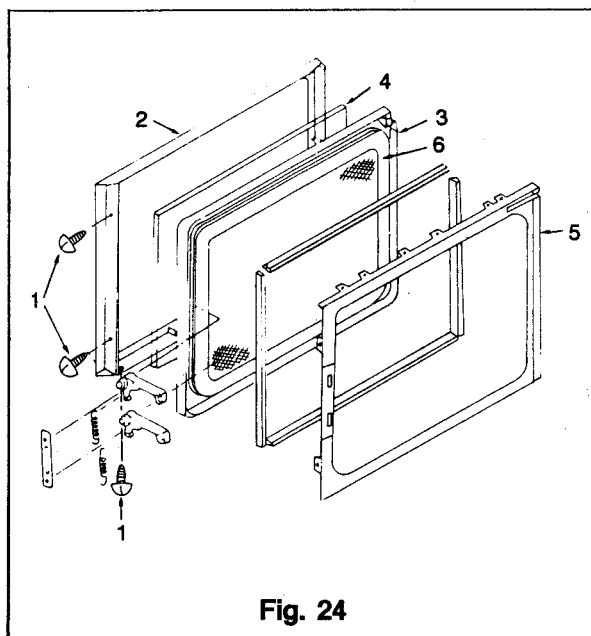


Fig. 24

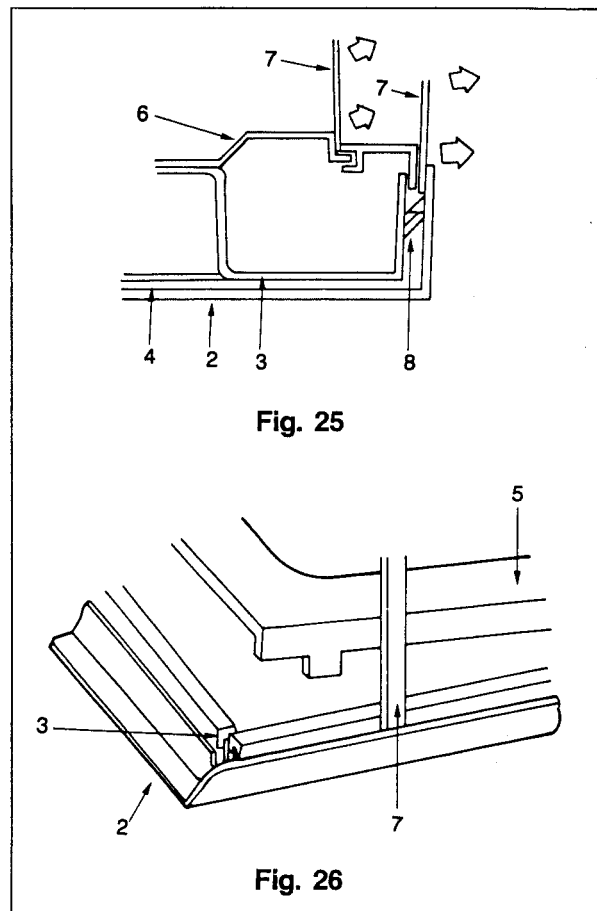


Fig. 25

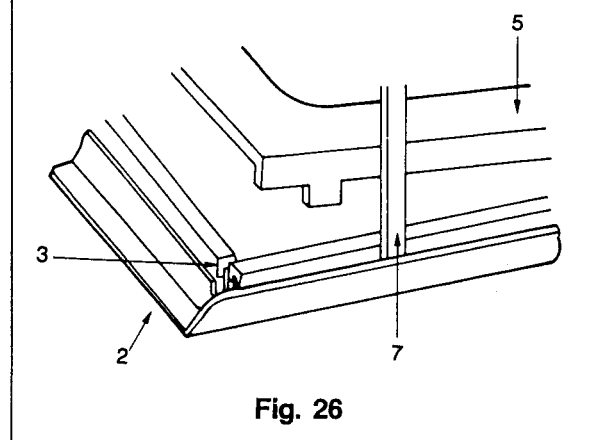


Fig. 26

10. Ventilation Duct Assembly Removal (Refer to Fig. 27)

- 1) Remove the cabinet parts.
- 2) Remove three screws (1) inside of the oven cavity.
- 3) Remove two screws (7) in the top of oven cavity.
- 4) Remove a screw (2).
- 5) Remove ventilation duct assembly (3).
- 6) Remove lamp assembly (5).

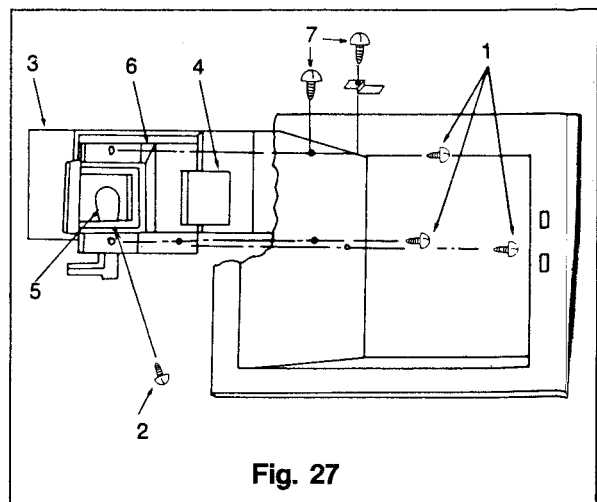
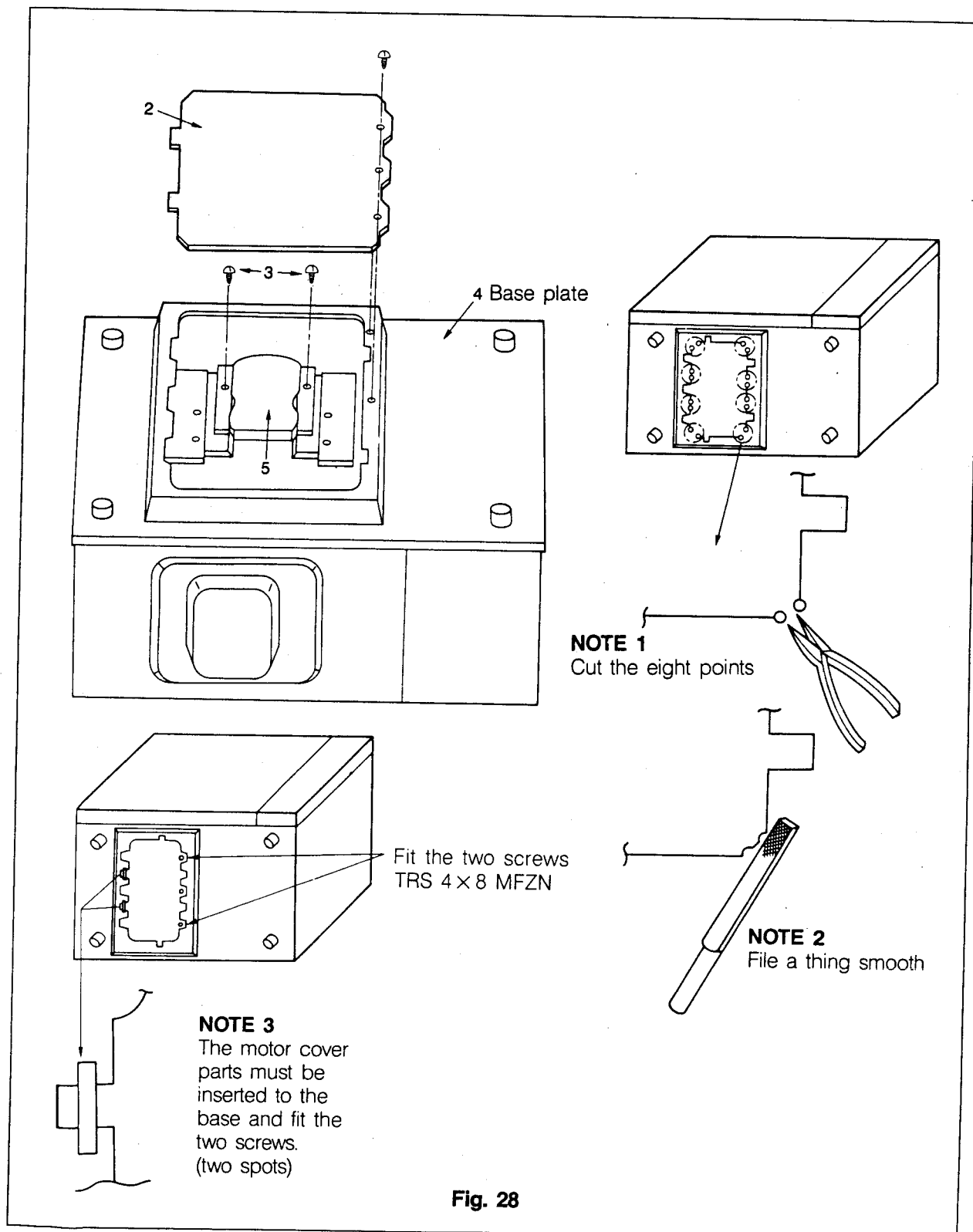


Fig. 27

11. Turn—Table Motor Assembly Removal (Refer to Fig. 28)

- 1) Remove the cabinet parts.
- 2) Cut the motor cover parts ② from the base.
(Refer to Note 1)
- 3) Remove turn-table motor cover ②.
- 4) Remove two screw ③.
- 5) Remove turn-table motor ⑤.



12. Check the Gap between the Door Seal and the Oven Front Plate (Refer to Fig. 29)

- 1) Prepare a piece of paper and cut it approx. 25mm (1") wide by 100mm (4") long.
- 2) Open the door and put it on the oven front plate
- 3) Close the door the hold it between the door seal and the oven front.
- 4) Draw out the paper. If it is not drawn smoothly, the door seal is working properly.
- 5) Repeat above procedure at other serveral position to check for possible gap around the door. But if any gap are found, adjust the position of the hinge or the latch psotion of interlocks according to the steps described on item 13 "Hinge and Latch Position Adjustment".

NOTE:

Small gap may be acceptable if the microwave leakage does not exceed 4mW/cm².

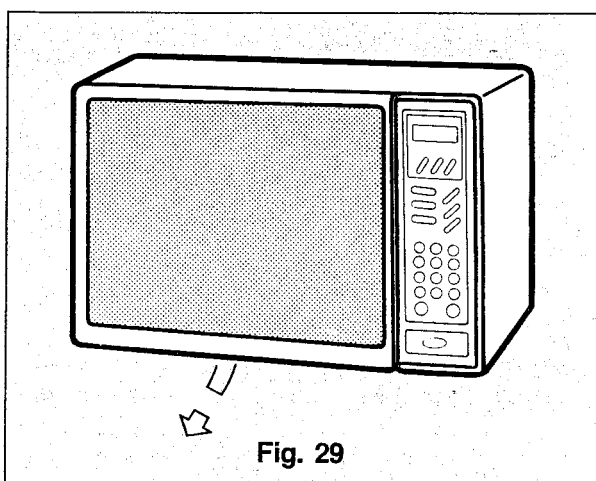


Fig. 29

13. Hinge and Latch Position Adjustment

(Method to reduce the gap between the door seal and the oven front)

- 1) To reduce the gap located on part "A". (See Fig. 30)
 - a) Loosen three screws on bottom hinge, then push the door to contact the door seal to oven front.
 - b) Tighten three screws.
 - c) check the gap as item 13.
- 2) To reduce the gap located on part "B". (See Fig. 30)
 - a) Loosen two screws on top hinge, then push the door to contact the door seal to oven front.
 - b) Tighten two screws.
 - c) Check the gap as item 13.

- 3) To reduce the gap located on part "C" and "D" (See Fig. 30)
 - a) Loosen screws on latch located right of oven body. (See Fig. 31)
 - b) Draw the latch inward slightly.
 - c) Tighten screws.
 - d) Check the gap as item 12.

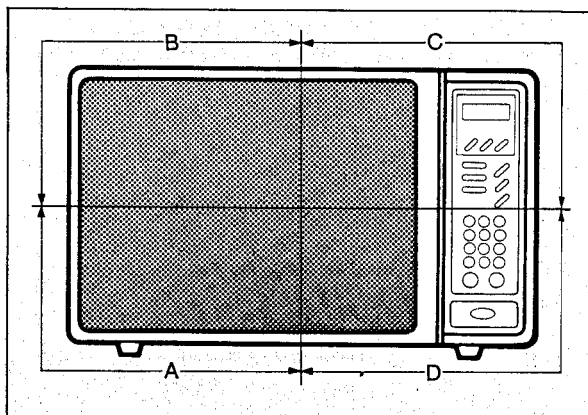


Fig. 30

CAUTION:

Whenever any door parts are repaired or replaced, or hinge and latch position adjusted, check continuity of interlock according to "Electrical Continuity Check of interlock Switch" on page 22 and check microwave leakage according to "Microwave Leakage Test" on page 23.

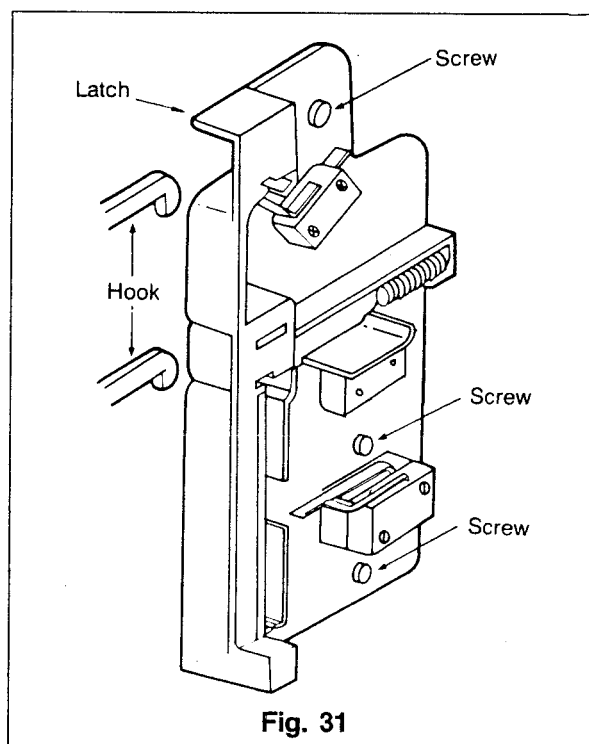


Fig. 31

TROUBLE SHOOTING CHART

DANGER OF HIGH VOLTAGE

4000 volts exist at the high voltage area. Do not operate the oven with the cabinet parts removed. Do not remove the cabinet parts unless the power cord is unplugged from wall outlet.

Determine whether or not a defect is in the control panel block or others first.

The control panel assembly is divided into membrane, PC Board Assembly.

When they are judged to be defect according to following troubleshooting chart, they should be replaced by until. Do not check, repair or adjust the control panel block, unless the power cord is unplugged from wall outlet.

1. Troubleshooting by unit replacement according to the symptoms indicated

1-1. Membrane

The following symptoms indicate a defective membrane. Replace the membrane.

- 1) When touching the pads, a certain pad produces no signal at all.
- 2) when touching a numeral pad, two figures or more are displayed.
- 3) When touching any pads, sometimes a pad produces no signal.
- 4) Only one indicator does not light up.

1-2. PC Board Assembly

The following symptoms indicate a defective PC board assembly. Replace the PC board assembly.

- 1) In connection with membrane
 - a) When touching any pads, a certain group of pads do not produce the signal.
 - b) When touching any pads, a certain group of pads do not produce the signal.
 - c) Clock does not operate proper.
- 2) Fluorescent Display
 - a) The corresponding segments of all digits do not light up, or they continue to light up.
 - b) Wrong figure appears.
 - c) The figures of all digits flicker.

3) Other possible troubles

- a) Buzzer does not sound or continues to sound.
- b) When defrost cooking is started, ERR3 appears, then the oven sensor is fault.

1-3. Check the oven sensor

If the oven sensor does not fall into value between maximum and minimum, it is fault.

1-3. Check the oven sensor

If the oven sensor does not fall into value between maximum and minimum, it is fault.

(Example: Resistor is 219Ω 12% 25°C (77°F))
Refer to Fig. 32, 33)

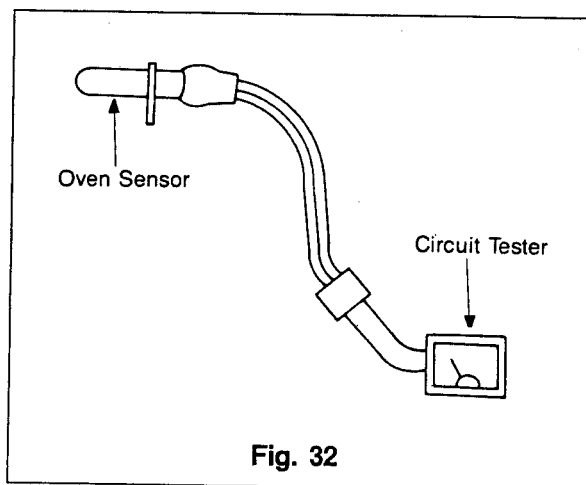


Fig. 32

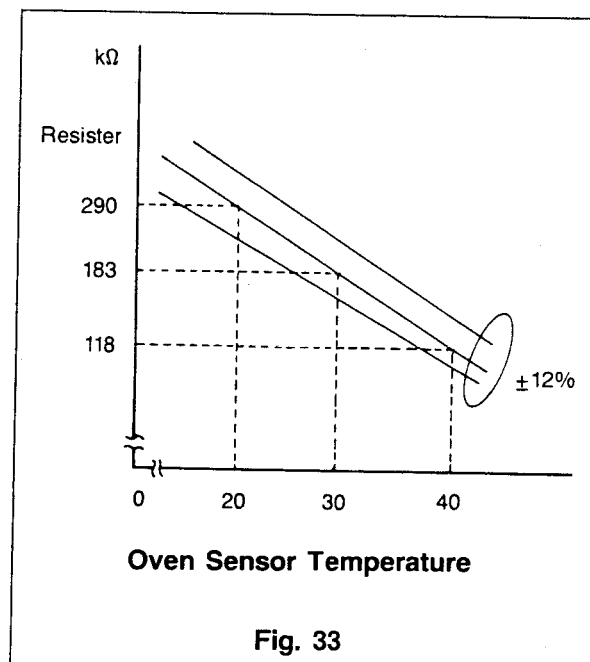


Fig. 33

2. Fuse is blown out

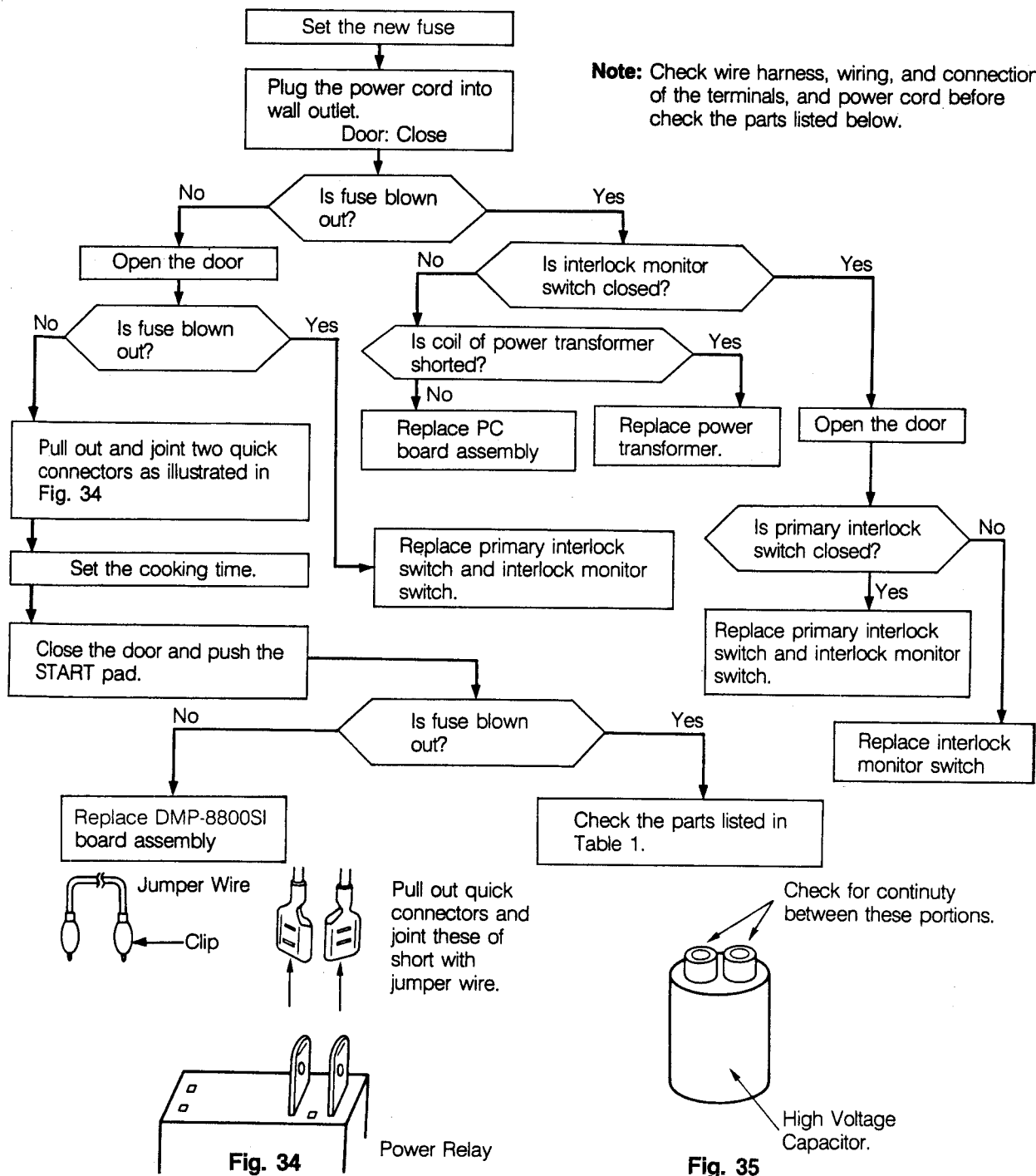
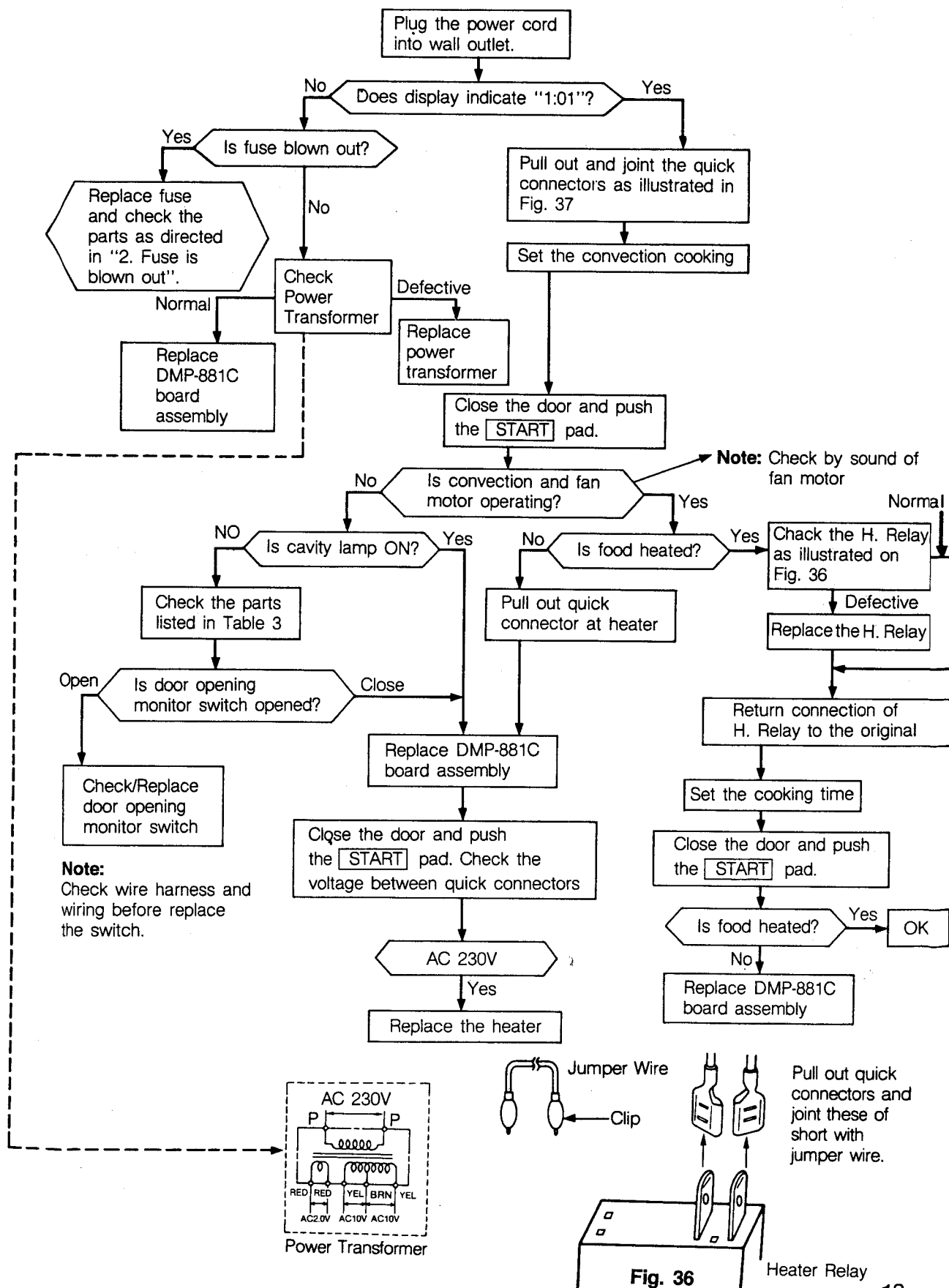


Table 1

| Parts | Cause | Diagnosis | Remedy |
|----------------|---|--|------------------------|
| HV Transformer | 1) Layer short on the secondary winding. | The fuse does not blow right away, but it blows in a few seconds, then there is a layer shorts | Replace HV transformer |
| HV Capacitor | 2) Poor insulation between capacitor terminals. | Check for the continuity between capacitor terminals. If there is continuity, capacitor is defective. (See Fig. 35). | Replace HV capacitor |

Note: When electric parts are checked or replaced, be sure the power cord is not inserted the wall outlet.

3. Heater does not heat (Food will not become hot)



4. Magnetron does not operate (Food will not become hot)

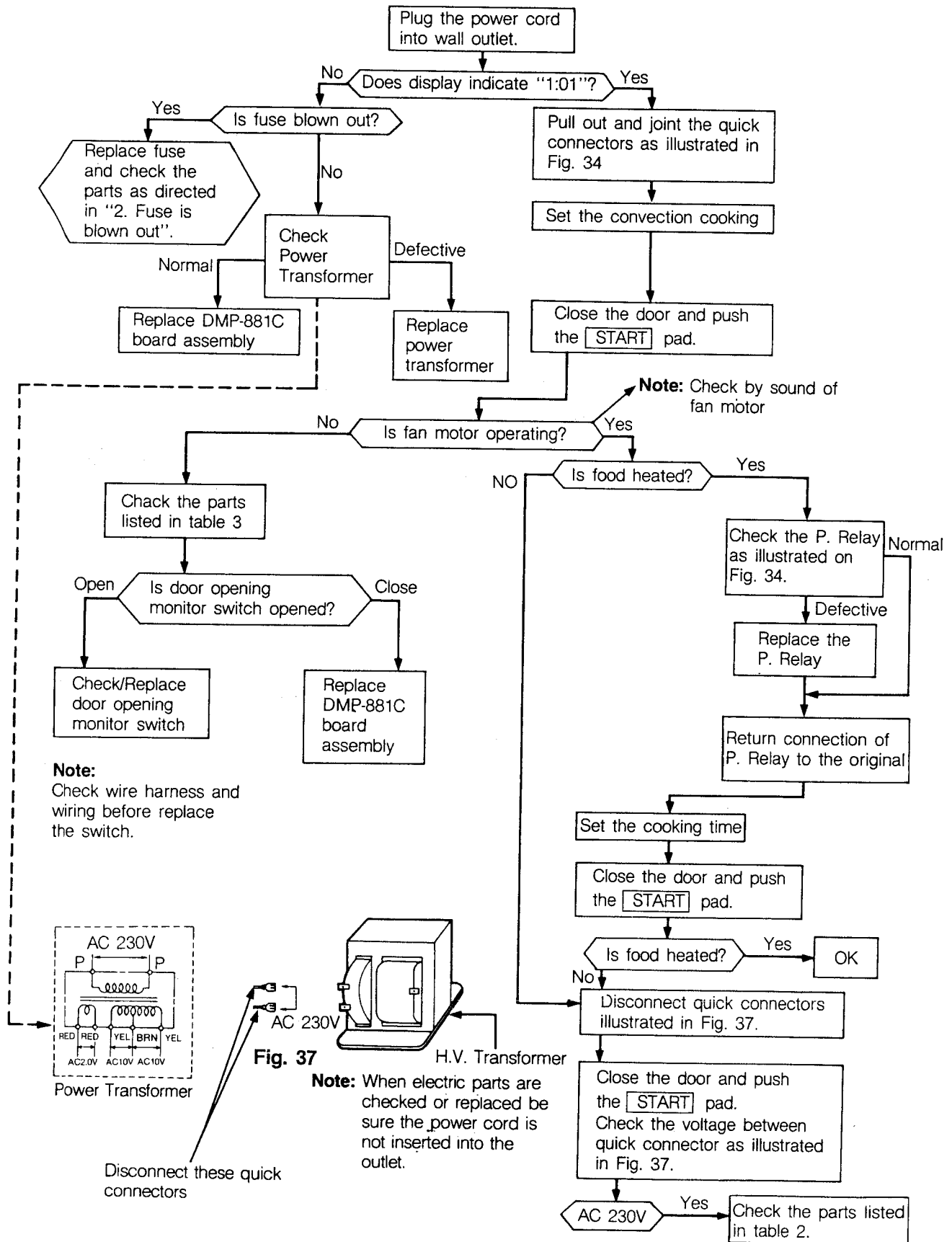


Table 2

| Parts | Cause | Diagnosis | Remedy |
|------------------|-------------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Magnetron | 1) Open magnetron heater | Check continuity of magnetron heater with wires removed using multimeter. If there is no continuity, magnetron heater is open. | Replace magnetron |
| | 2) Shorted magnetron | Connect megger leads to magnetron terminals and magnetron body. If there is continuity, magnetron is defective. (In this event, main fuse will be blown.) | Replace magnetron |
| Rectifier | Defective rectifier | Check continuity, of rectifier in forward and backward direction with DC megger. If there is continuity in backward direction, rectifier is defective. (In this event, high-voltage capacitor will become hot.) | Replace rectifier |
| H.V. transformer | Open coil of H.V. transformer | Check primary coil and secondary coil for continuity. If there is no continuity, transformer is defective. | Replace H.V. transformer |
| H.V. capacitor | Shorted H.V. capacitor | Check continuity of capacitor terminals with wires removed. If there is continuity, capacitor is defective. If capacitor shorts, fuse is blown out. | Replace H.V. capacitor |
| H.V. fuse | Open fuse | Check continuity of H.V. fuse with wire removed using multimeter. If there is no continuity, H.V. fuse is open. | Replace H.V. fuse |

Table 3

| Parts | Cause | Diagnosis | Remedy |
|----------------------------|--|--|--------------------|
| Secondary interlock switch | Poor contact of secondary interlock switch | Check the terminal for electrical continuity with wires removed using multimeter, according to Electrical Continuity check of Interlock Switch on page 22. | Replace or adjust. |
| Primary interlock switch | Poor contact of primary interlock switch | | |

Table 4

| Parts | Cause | Diagnosis | Remedy |
|--|---|---|---|
| Cavity lamp does not illuminate when door is open. | 1) Fuse blown out. | Check fuse in fuse holder. | Replace fuse and check the parts as direction in "2 fuse is blown out". |
| | 2) Poor contact of power cord. | Check power cord for continuity. Also check to see if power leads are securely wired. | Adjust or replace power cord. |
| | 3) Lamp blown out. | Check lamp. | Replace lamp. |
| | Magnetron thermostat open. | Lamp does not illuminate, even after lamp is replaced when door is open. Check thermostat terminals for continuity with wires removed using multimeter. If there is no continuity between terminals, thermostat is defective. | Replace thermostat. |
| Fan motor or cooking tray does not rotate. | 1) Defective fan motor. | If motor does not operate with 230V applied to motor terminals, motor may be faulty. | Replace motor. |
| | 2) Defective geared motor | Check to see if 230V is preset at motor terminals. If so, motor will be defective. | Replace geared motor. |
| | 3) Poor drive of the roller or turning shaft. | Check to see dust has accumulated on roller or turning shaft. | Clean |
| Sparking (or arcing in cavity). | Carbonized dust in oven. | Check whether dust accumulates on spatter shield or its support. | Clean oven cavity. |
| Microwave turns off during cooking cycle. | 1) Too small load of food. | If small amount of food is heated for a long time, microwave is turned off during operation. | To increase load, place a cup of water into oven cavity in addition to food to be cooked. |
| | 2) Defective magnetron thermostat | Check thermostat terminals for continuity with wires removed using multimeter. If there is no continuity, thermostat is defective. | Replace thermostat. |

MEASUREMENT

1. Microwave Output Power

1-1. Standard Method

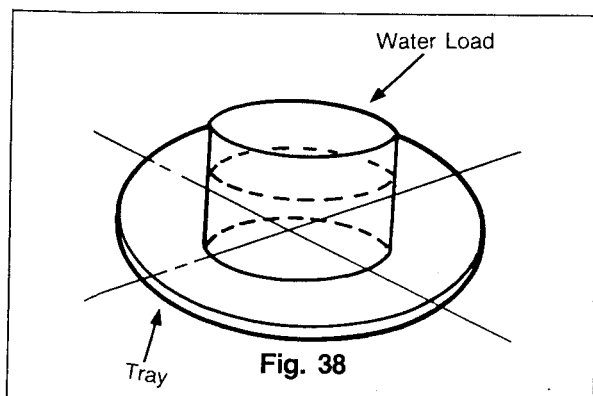
Microwave output power can be checked by indirectly measuring the temperature rise of a certain amount of water exposed to the microwave as directed below.

- 1) Microwave power output measurement is made with the microwave oven supplied at rated voltage and operated at its maximum microwave power setting with a load of $1,000 \pm 5\text{cc}$ of potable water.
- 2) The water is contained in a cylindrical borosilicate glass vessel having a maximum material thickness of 3 mm and an outside diameter of approximately 190 mm.
- 3) The oven and the empty vessel are at ambient temperature prior to the start of the test. The initial temperature of the water is $10 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ($50 \pm 3.6^\circ\text{F}$). It is measured immediately before the water is added to the vessel. After addition of the water to the vessel, the load is immediately placed on the center of the shelf which is in the lowest normal position. (Fig. 38).
- 4) Microwave power is switched on.
- 5) Heating time should be exactly 52 seconds. Heating time is measured while the microwave generator is operating at full power. The filament heat-up time for magnetrons is not included.
- 6) The initial and final water temperatures are selected so that the maximum difference between the ambient and final water temperatures is 5K.
- 7) The microwave power output P in watts is calculated from the following formula:

$$P = 4187 \times \Delta T / t$$

- ΔT is actual temperature rise.
- t is the heating time.

The power measured should be $800\text{W} \pm 10\%$.



CAUTION:

1. Water load should be measured exactly to 1 liters.
2. Input power voltage should be exactly 230V volts as specified.
3. Ambient temperature should be $20 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ($68 \pm 3.6^\circ\text{F}$).

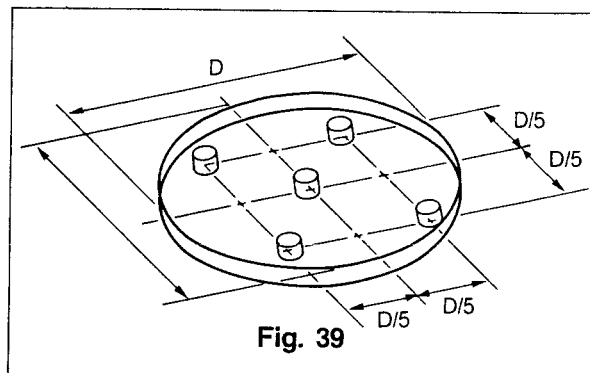
2. Microwave Heat Distribution Heat Evenness

The microwave heat distribution can be checked by indirectly measuring the water temperature rises at certain positions in the oven as directed below.

- 1) Prepare five beakers made of 'Pyrex' and having 100cc capacity each.
- 2) Measure exactly 100cc of water load with use of a measuring cylinder and pour it into each beaker.
- 3) Measure the temperature of each water load. (The readings shall be taken to one place of decimals.)
- 4) Put each beaker in place on the cooking tray as illustrated in Fig. 39 and start heating.
- 5) After heating 2 minutes, measure the temperature of water in beaker. Calculate the temperature difference for each water load to get the heat distribution rate by the following formula.

$$\text{Heat distribution rate} = \frac{\text{Minimum temperature rise}}{\text{Maximum temperature rise}} \times 100\%$$

The result should exceed 60%.



3. Electrical Continuity Check of Interlock Switches

3-1. Procedures

NOTE: Remove the power plug from the wall receptacle before testing.

1. Primary Interlock Switch

- 1) Disconnect two connectors from Primary Interlock Switch.
- 2) Connect the ohmmeter leads between the terminals of the primary interlock switch.
- 3) Read the value of resistance between the terminals of the switch, when the door is opened, and when the door is closed.

2. Secondary Interlock Switch

- 1) Disconnect two connectors from secondary interlock switch.
- 2) Connect the ohmmeter leads between the terminals of the secondary interlock switch.
- 3) Read the value of resistance between the terminals of the switch, when the door is opened, and when the oven door is closed.

3. Interlock Monitor Switch

- 1) Disconnect the lead wire connecting the primary interlock switch and interlock monitor switch from primary interlock switch terminal.
- 2) Connect the ohmmeter leads between the lead wire connector disconnected as item '1' and the power supply neutral plug pin.
- 3) Read the value of resistance between the lead wire connector and the power supply neutral plug pin, when the oven door is opened, and when the oven door is closed.

3-2. Judgement

The value of resistance should be applied to the value specified below.

| Door | Open | Closed |
|----------------------------|----------|----------|
| Primary Interlock Switch | ∞ | 0 |
| Secondary Interlock Switch | ∞ | 0 |
| Interlock Monitor Circuit | 0 | ∞ |

When value obtained is not acceptable, the switch should be replaced or adjusted again.

4. Microwave Leakage Test

4-1. Warning

- 1) DO NOT place your hands into any suspected microwave leakage field unless the safe density level is known.
- 2) Always start measuring of an unknown field to assure safety for operating personnel from microwave energy.
- 3) Slowly approach the unit under test until the radiometer reads an appreciable leakage from the unit under test.
- 4) Care should be taken not to place the eyes in direct line with the source of microwave energy.

4-2. Method

The power density of the microwave leakage emitted by the microwave oven should not exceed $1\text{mW}/\text{cm}^2$ at any point 50mm (2") or more away from the external surface of the oven as measured prior to acquisition by a purchaser and thereafter once the oven is in use, $4\text{mW}/\text{cm}^2$ at any point 50mm (2") or more away from the external surface of the oven, checks to be made around the whole of the door seal and on each of the main unit surface.

Measurements should be made with the oven operating at its maximum output and containing a load of 275 ± 15 milliliters of tap water initially at $20 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ ($68 \pm 9^\circ\text{F}$) placed within the cavity at the center of the load carrying surface provided by the manufacture. The water container should be a low from 600 milliliters beaker having an inside diameter of approximately 85mm (3-1 1/32") and made of an electrically nonconductive material such as glass or plastic.

4-3. Procedures

- 1) Prepare 600cc glass or plastic container.
- 2) Pour 275 ± 15 milliliters of tap water initially at $20 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ ($68 \pm 9^\circ\text{F}$) in the container.
- 3) Place it at the center of the tray and set it in a cavity.
- 4) Operate oven.
- 5) Measure the microwave leakage using a Narda 8100 or similarly approved microwave leakage meter after a few minutes operation.

NOTE: The scan rate should not exceed 1 inch/sec.

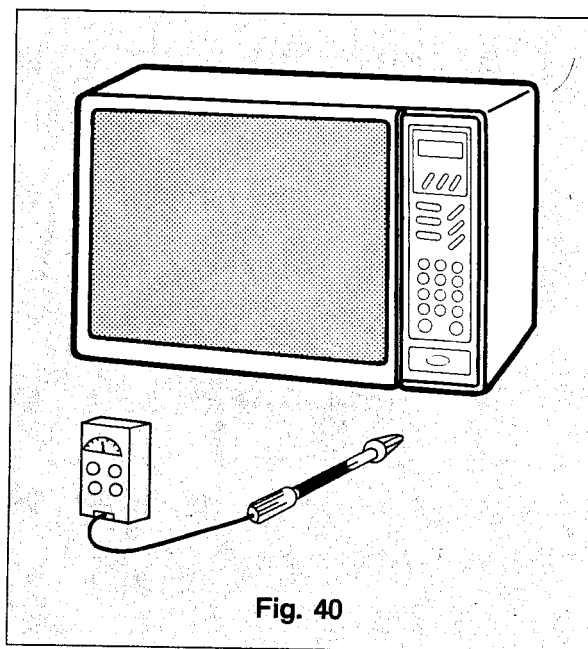
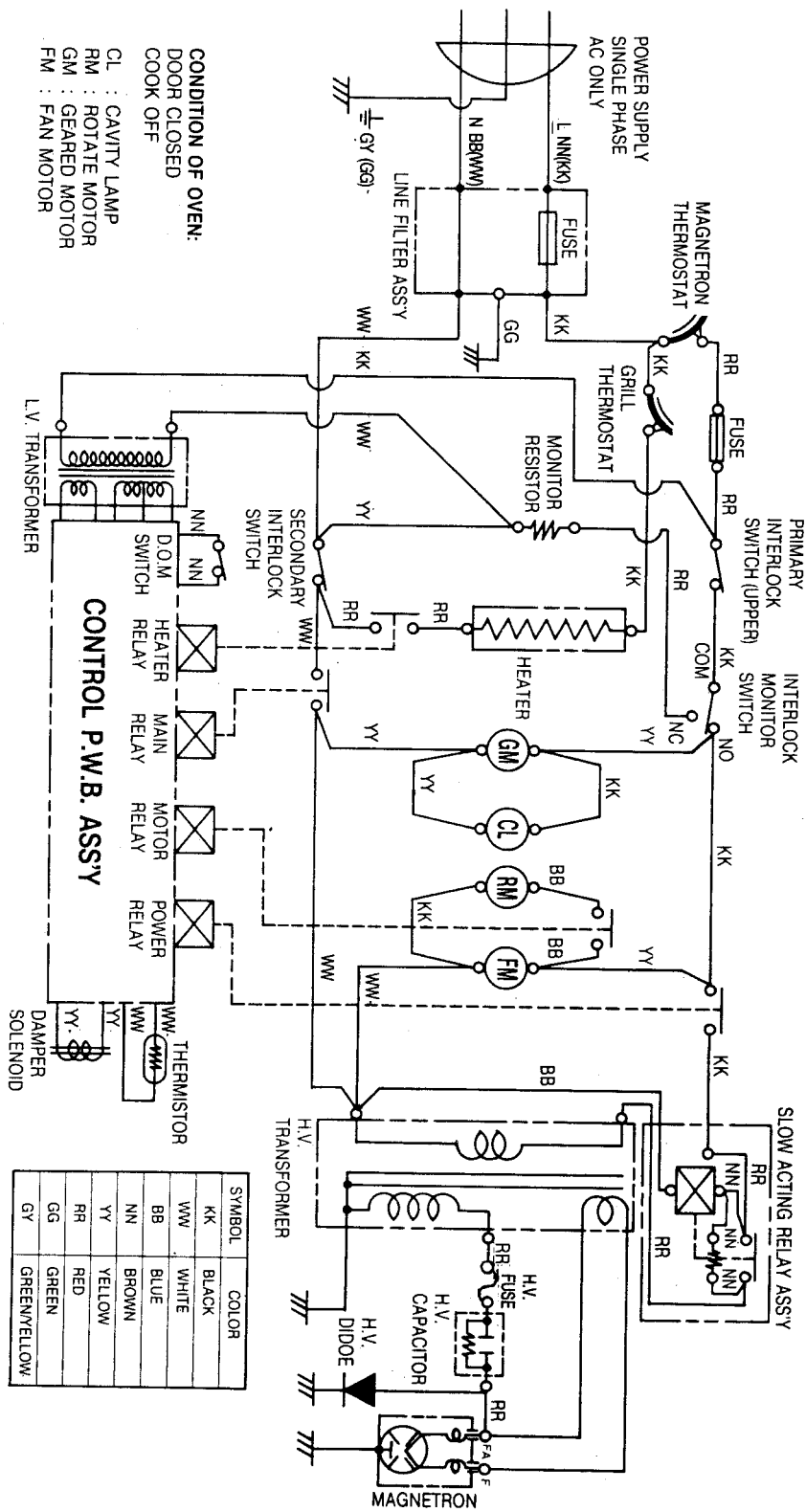


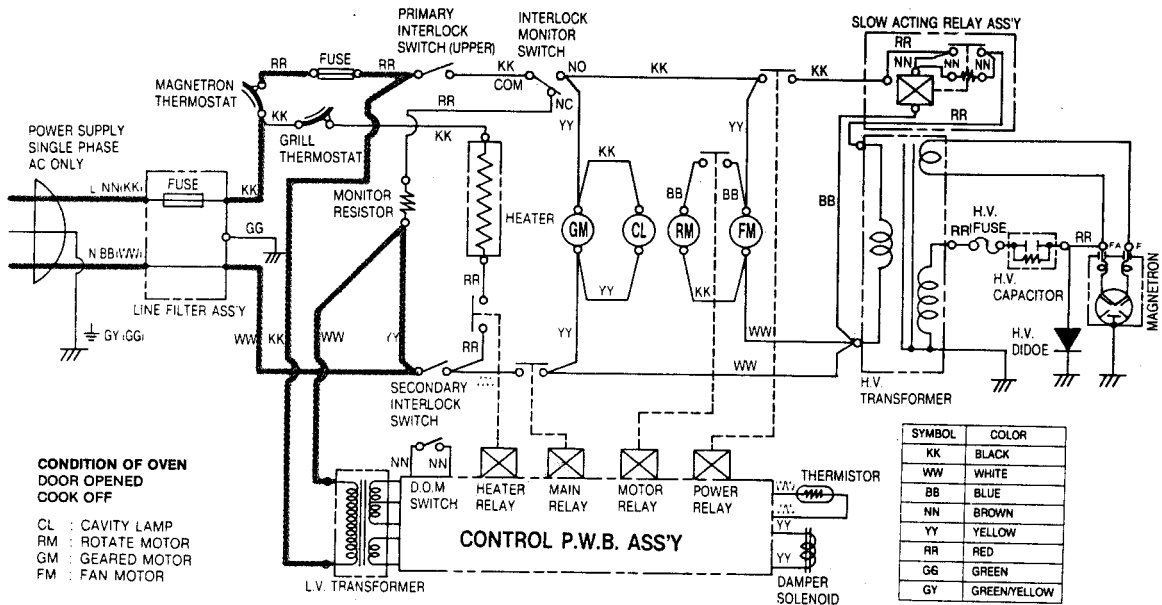
Fig. 40

WIRING DIAGRAM

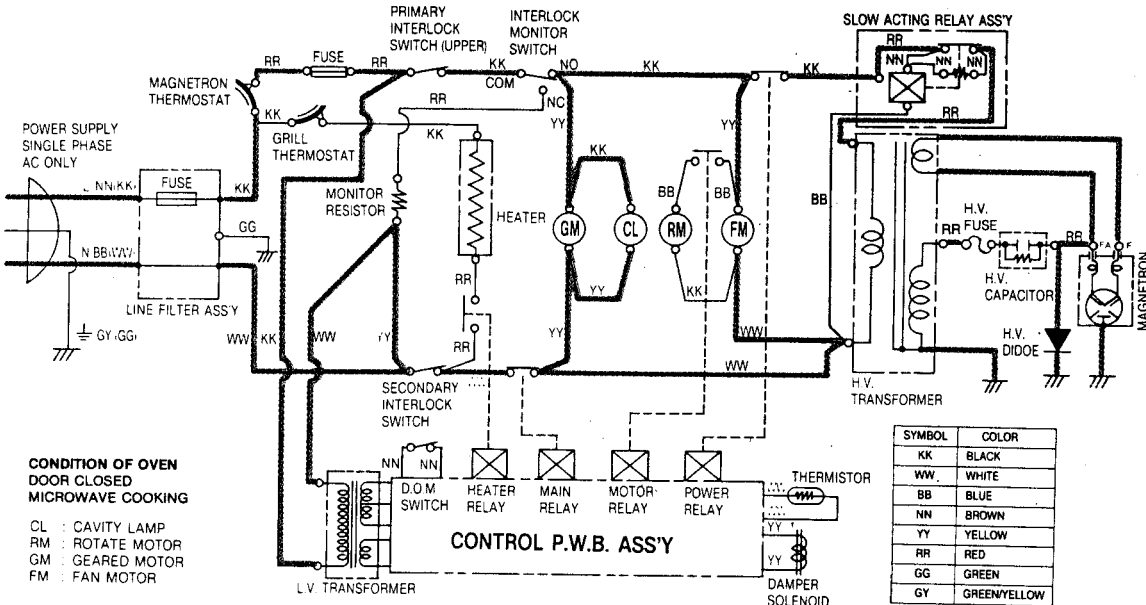


SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

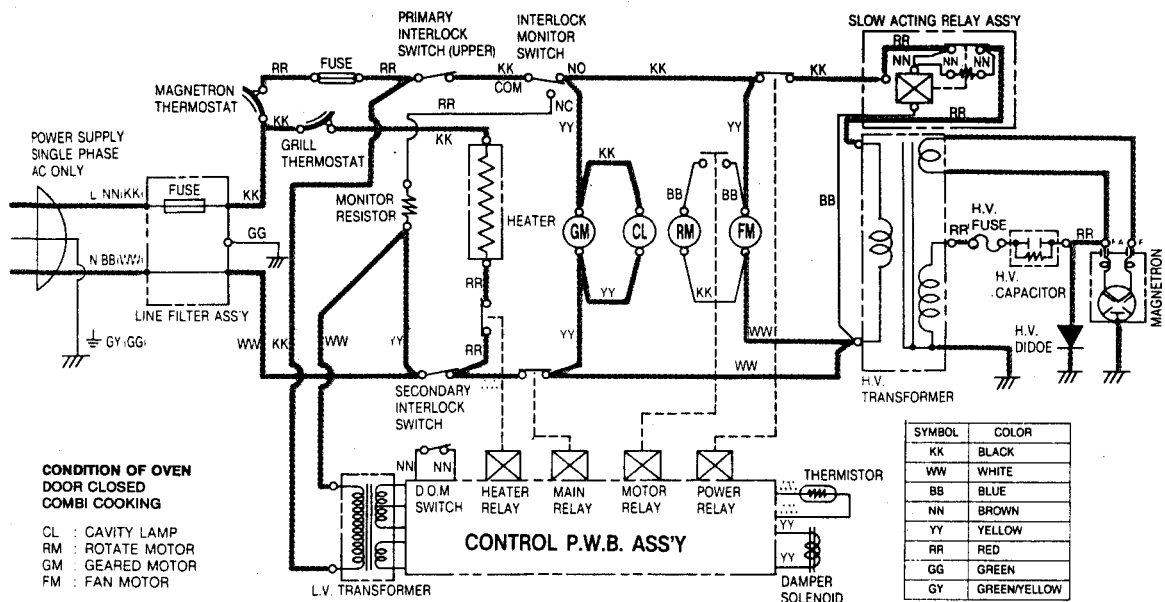
IDLE CONDITION



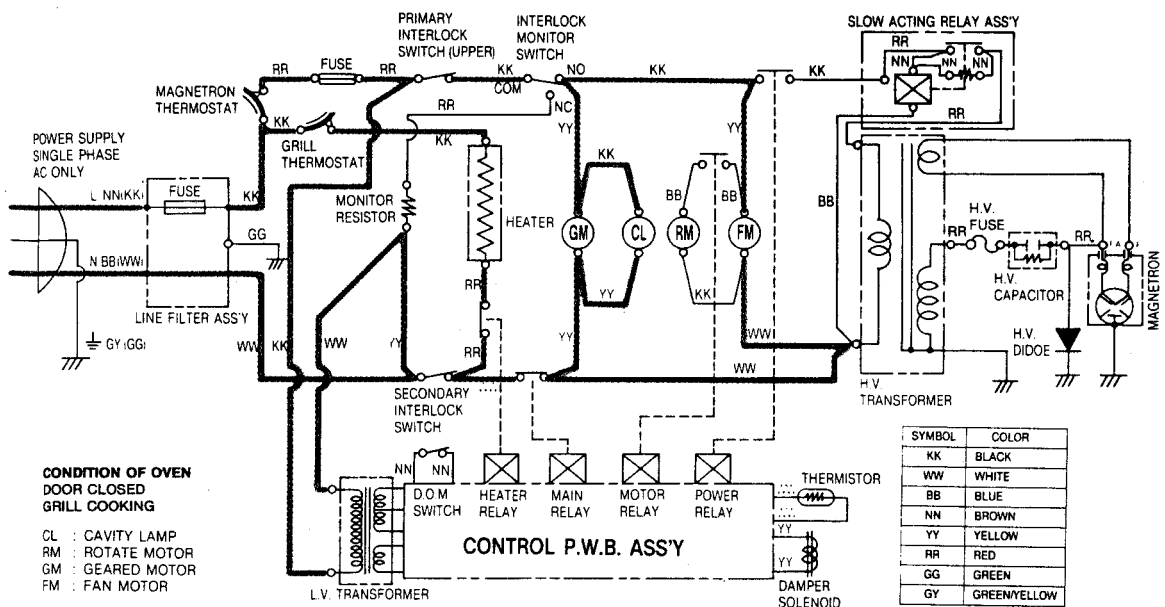
MICROWAVE COOKING CONDITION



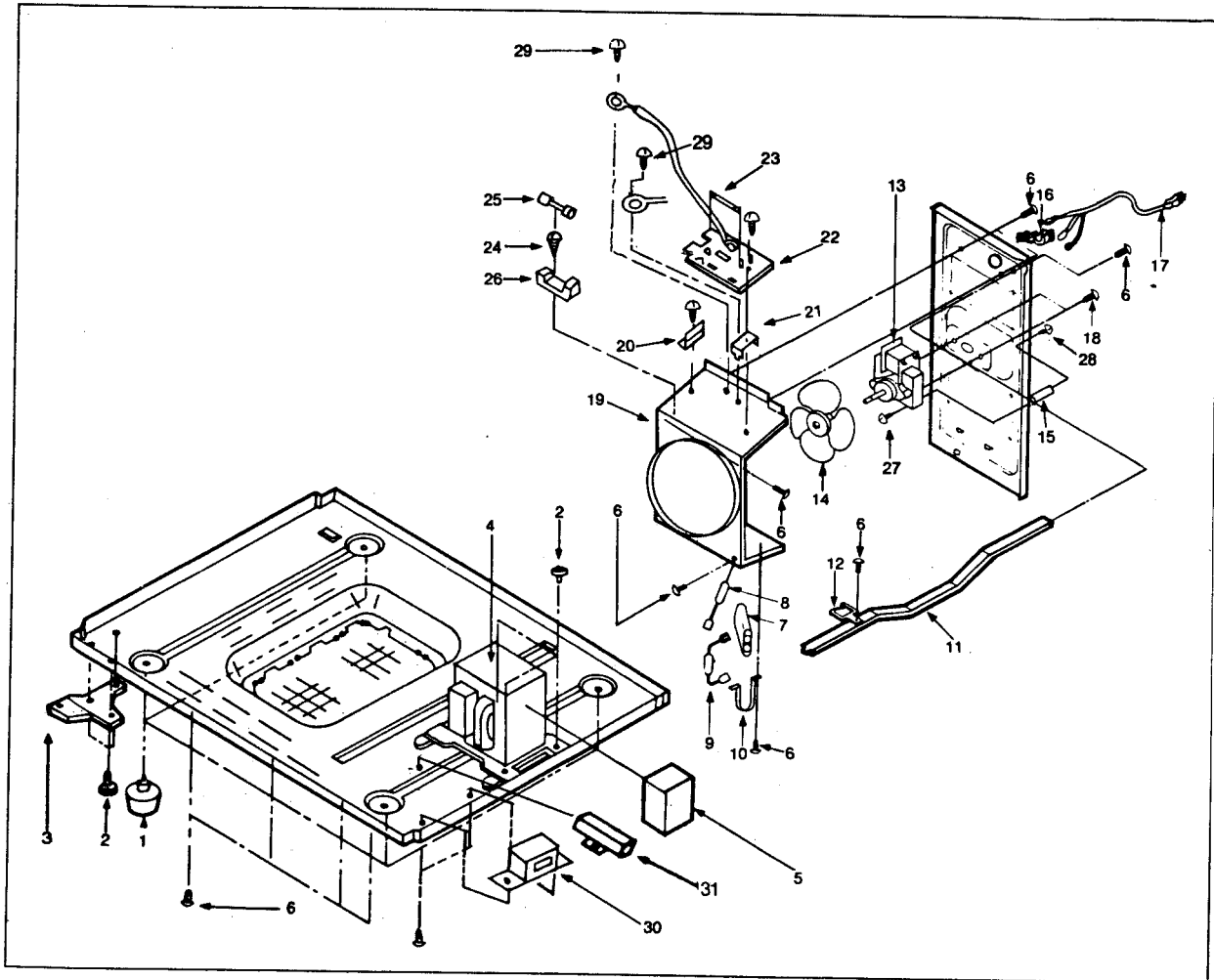
COMBI COOKING CONDITION



GRILL COOKING CONDITION



EXPLODED VIEWS AND PARTS LIST



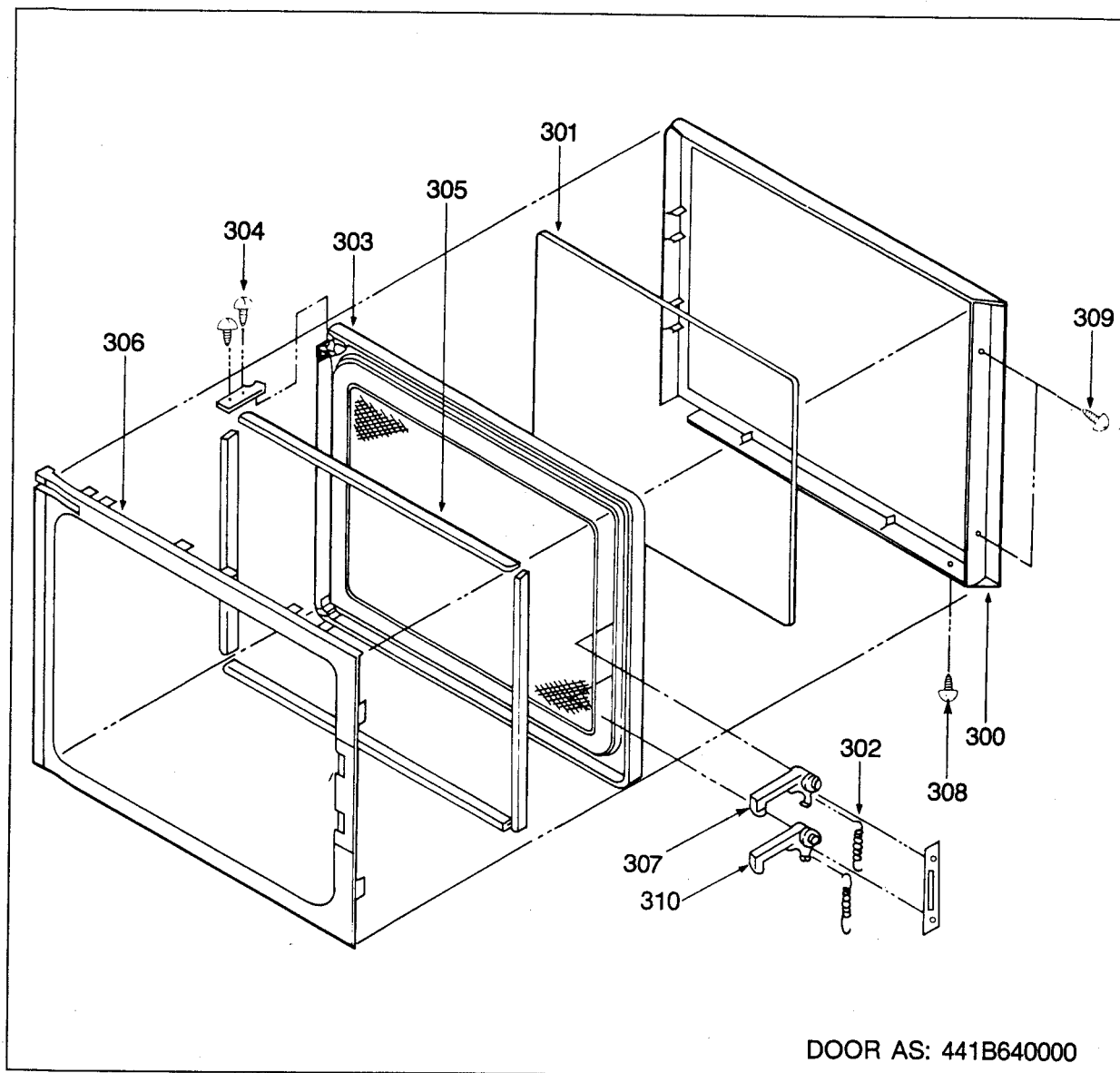
| LOC. NO. | PART CODE | DESCRIPTION |
|----------|------------|------------------------|
| 1 | 4415B04042 | Foot |
| 2 | 7S327W50B1 | Hex 5 × 12 MFZN |
| 3 | 441B647040 | Hinge Stopper Under |
| 4 | 3518100700 | H.V. Transformer |
| 5 | 441B604022 | Rubber |
| 6 | 7112400811 | Trs 4 × 8 |
| 7 | 441B627030 | High Voltage Capacitor |
| 8 | 4415824000 | Recitifier (Diode) |
| 9 | 441Q856100 | H.V. fuse |
| 10 | 441B627030 | Capacitor Holder |
| 11 | 441B633131 | Connector Plate |
| 12 | 441B633140 | Wires Saddle |
| 13 | 441CR15000 | Motor Fan |
| 14 | 441Z726010 | Fan |
| 15 | 3516001101 | Special Bushing |
| 16 | 441G254030 | Cord Clamp |

| LOC. NO. | PART CODE | DESCRIPTION |
|----------|------------|----------------------|
| 17 | 441TM693G0 | Power Cord |
| 18 | 7051400811 | Pan 4 × 8 MFZN |
| 19 | 441B627025 | Wind Guide |
| 20 | 4415V57043 | Noise Filter BKT 'A' |
| 21 | 4415V57052 | Noise Filter BKT 'B' |
| 22 | 3518600100 | Noise Filter Ass'y |
| 23 | 4414A25100 | Fuse, 15A |
| 24 | 7121030811 | Pan 3 × 8 MFZN |
| 25 | 441B625S30 | Fuse 8A |
| 26 | 4414D25130 | Fuse Holder |
| 27 | 7122402011 | T2S Trs 4 × 20 |
| 28 | 7181401211 | T2S Pan 4 × 12 PW |
| 29 | 7172401011 | TT2 Trs 4 × 10 MFZN |
| 30 | 5EPV048305 | L.V. Transformer |
| 31 | 4419J75030 | Monitor Resistor |



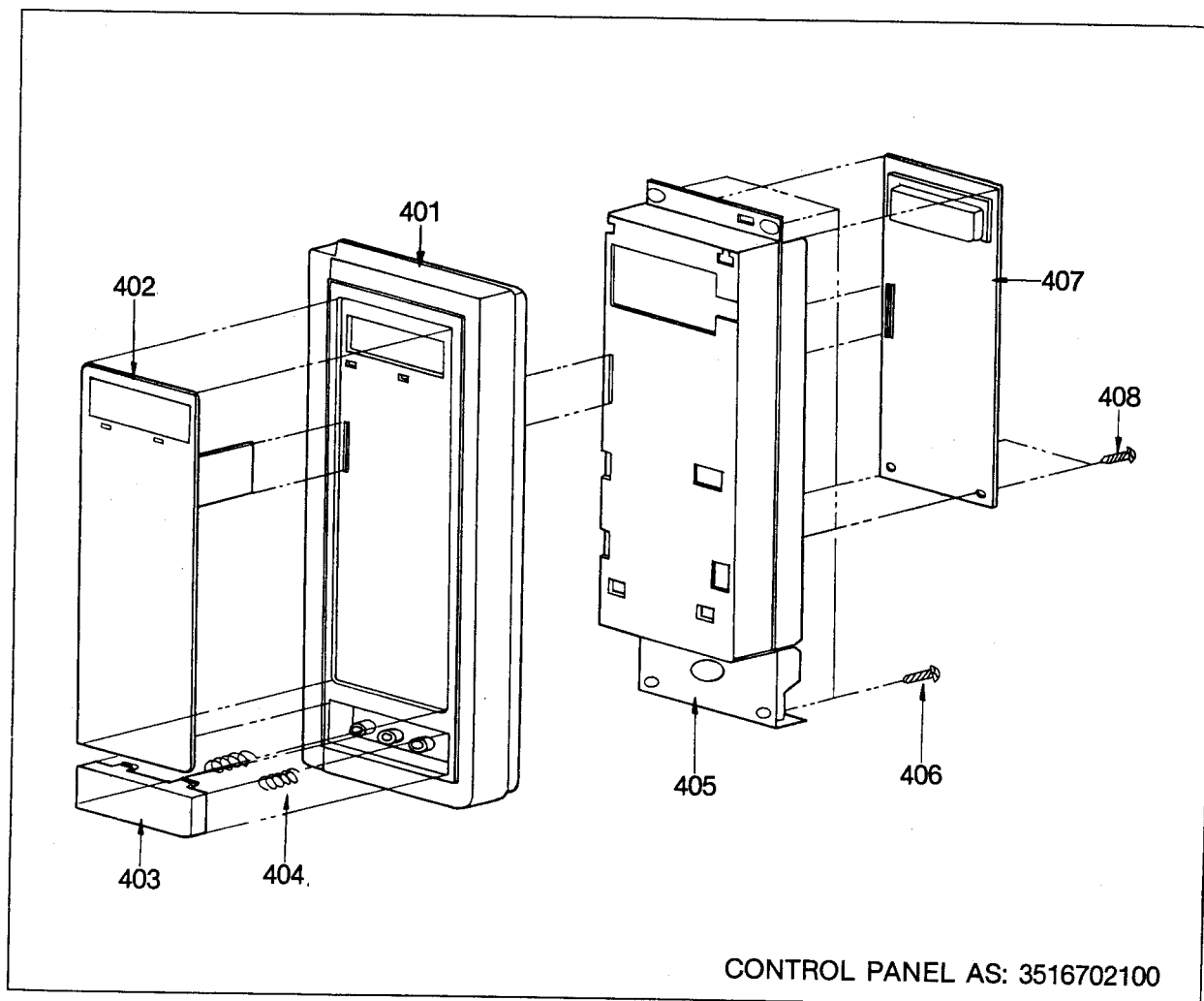
| LOC. NO. | PART CODE | DESCRIPTION |
|----------|------------|-----------------------|
| 100 | 3516100800 | Cavity Weld Ass'y |
| 101 | 441B617170 | Teflon Spacer |
| 102 | 441B611052 | Wave Guide Cover |
| 103 | 7113400814 | Bin 4 × 8 MFNI |
| 104 | 7113400814 | Bin 4 × 8 MFNI |
| 105 | 3512800100 | Sheath Heater |
| 106 | 7112400807 | Trs 4 × 8 MFNI |
| 107 | 7113400814 | BIN 4 × 8 MFNI |
| 108 | 441BE15312 | Gasket |
| 109 | 441BE15200 | Barbecue Motor |
| 110 | 7391400008 | Nut 6N-1-4 SUS |
| 111 | DPTMK312D2 | Thermistor |
| 112 | 3513600200 | Lamp |
| 113 | 7112400611 | Trs 4 × 6 MFZN |
| 114 | 3512501400 | H-Duct Ass'y |
| 115 | 441B623030 | Lamp Cover |
| 116 | 441B623040 | Lamp Glass |
| 117 | 441P422061 | Adiabator Top |
| 118 | 441B622093 | Adiabator Fix Plate |
| 119 | 7S313B4081 | Bin 3 × 8 MFNI |
| 120 | 7112400811 | Trs 4 × 8 MFZN |
| 121 | 441G317011 | B.R.K T-Motor top |
| 122 | 441G317180 | Hub |
| 123 | 7141300811 | Pan 3 × 8 MFZN |
| 124 | 441G317031 | Tray Motor Shaft |
| 125 | 441G317020 | B.R.K T-Motor Under |
| 126 | 441U317100 | Tray Motor |
| 127 | 7112400811 | TRs 4 × 8 MFZN |
| 128 | 441B604030 | Wire Clamp |
| 129 | 7112400811 | Trs 4 × 8 MFZN |
| 130 | 441B618210 | Silicon Cover |
| 131 | 441BA18220 | Adiabator Side |
| 132 | 441B618205 | Lock M/T Plate |
| 133 | 7122400611 | Trs 4 × 6 MFZN |
| 134 | 441B618111 | Lock |
| 135 | 441B617310 | Primary Interlock S/W |
| 136 | 7141301611 | Pan 3 × 16 MFZN |
| 137 | 441R217310 | Monitor Interlock S/W |

| LOC. NO. | PART CODE | DESCRIPTION |
|----------|------------|------------------------|
| 138 | 441B617610 | Door Open Monitor S/W |
| 139 | 441B617410 | Secondary Interlock SW |
| 140 | 7921303011 | Pan 3 × 30 MFZN |
| 141 | 441B618121 | Slider Top |
| 142 | 441B618160 | Spring Lock |
| 143 | 441B618130 | Slider Under |
| 144 | 441B618170 | Lever Shaft |
| 145 | 7402003031 | E-Ring 3mm |
| 146 | 441B618150 | Lock Cover |
| 147 | 7621401211 | Trs 4 × 12 MFZN |
| 148 | 441B618140 | Push Lever |
| 149 | RX10H508J- | Monitor Resistor |
| 150 | 7141300811 | Pan 3 × 8 MFZN |
| 151 | 441Q523050 | Lever Solenoid |
| 152 | 441Q523060 | Snap Pin |
| 153 | 441Q523200 | Solenoid |
| 154 | 7391400008 | Nut 6B 1-4 SUS |
| 155 | 441BE11060 | Rotary Guide |
| 156 | 441B624031 | Damper Packing |
| 157 | 441Z724021 | Damper |
| 158 | 441Z724011 | Duct |
| 159 | 7601401514 | Pan 4 × 15 PW MFNI |
| 160 | 7112400811 | Trs 4 × 8 MFZN |
| 161 | 7S327W50B1 | Hex 5 × 12 MFZN |
| 162 | 441U366100 | Magnetron |
| 163 | 4414D63000 | Thermostat Magnetron |
| 164 | 7279300611 | Brs 3 × 6 MFZN |
| 165 | 7112400811 | Trs 4 × 8 MFZN |
| 166 | 7S627W50X1 | Nut M5 × P0.8 MFZN |
| 167 | 441Z724051 | Damper Spring |
| 168 | 441Z724041 | Damper Shaft |
| 169 | 7001300611 | Pan 3 × 6 MFZN |
| 170 | 7391400008 | Nut 6B1-4 SUS |
| 171 | 7601401514 | Pan 4 × 15 PW MFNI |
| 172 | DPTMK312D2 | Thermistor |
| 173 | 7391400008 | Nut 6N-1-4 SUS |
| 174 | 7121030811 | Pan 3 × 8 MFZN |
| 175 | 441B663100 | Grill Thermostat |
| 176 | 4416W67211 | Slow Acting Relay |



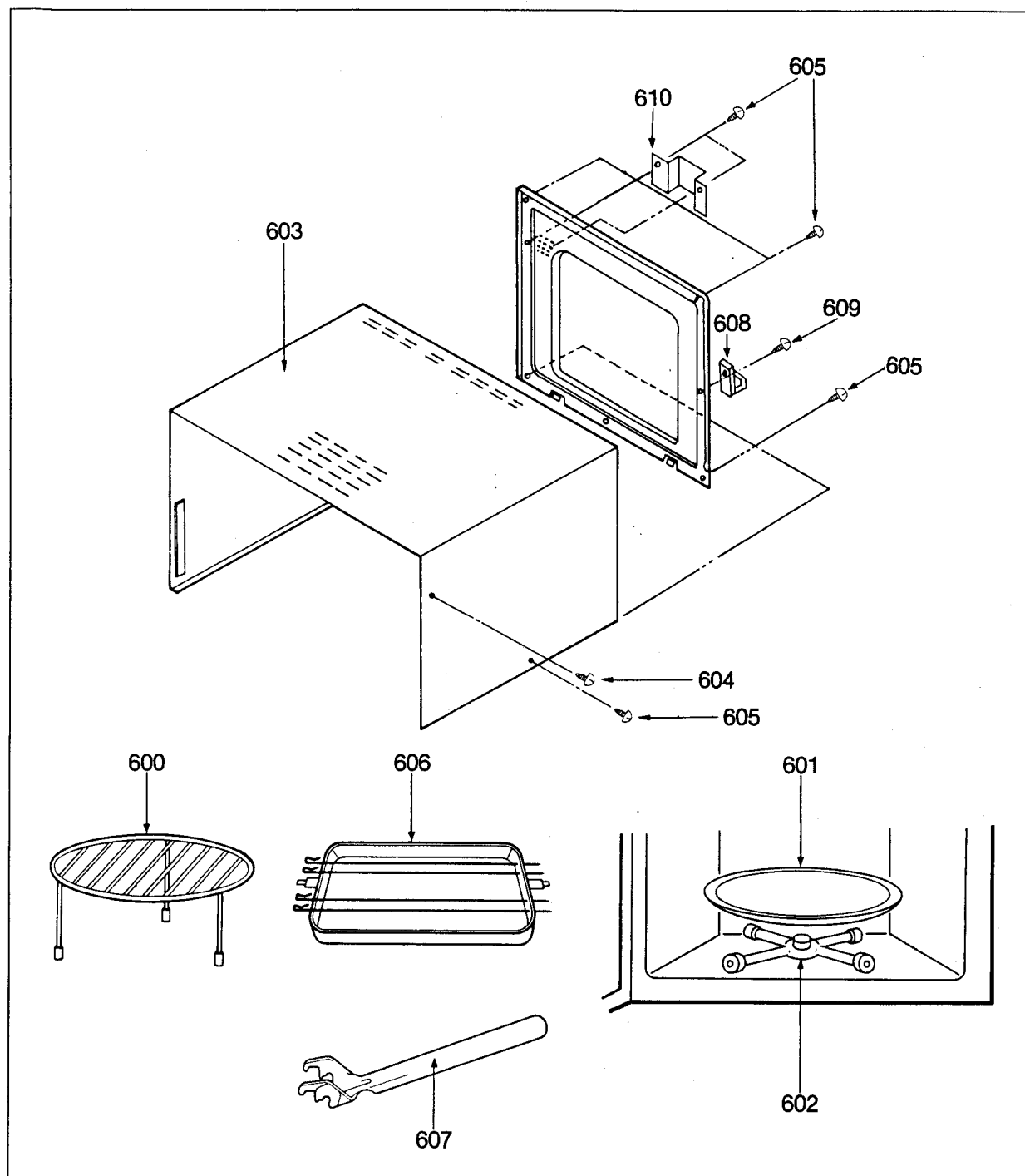
| LOC. NO. | PART CODE | DESCRIPTION |
|----------|------------|--------------------|
| 300 | 441B640013 | Door Frame |
| 301 | 441B640020 | Outer Barrier |
| 302 | 441B640092 | Spring |
| 303 | 441B641000 | Door Weld Assembly |
| 304 | 7S327W50B1 | Hex 5 × 12 MFZN |

| LOC. NO. | PART CODE | DESCRIPTION |
|----------|---------------|---------------------|
| 305 | 441P444041~71 | Ferrite Rubber |
| 306 | 441B640033 | Dust Cover |
| 307 | 441B640130 | Hook Top |
| 308 | 7126401211 | T2S OVL 4 × 12 MFZN |
| 309 | 7111300811 | Pan 3 × 8 MFZN |
| 310 | 441B640104 | Hook |



| LOC. NO. | PART CODE | DESCRIPTION |
|----------|------------|---------------|
| 401 | 441Z755012 | Panel Control |
| 402 | 3518501000 | Membrane AS' |
| 403 | 441B655042 | Button |
| 404 | 441B655072 | Spring |

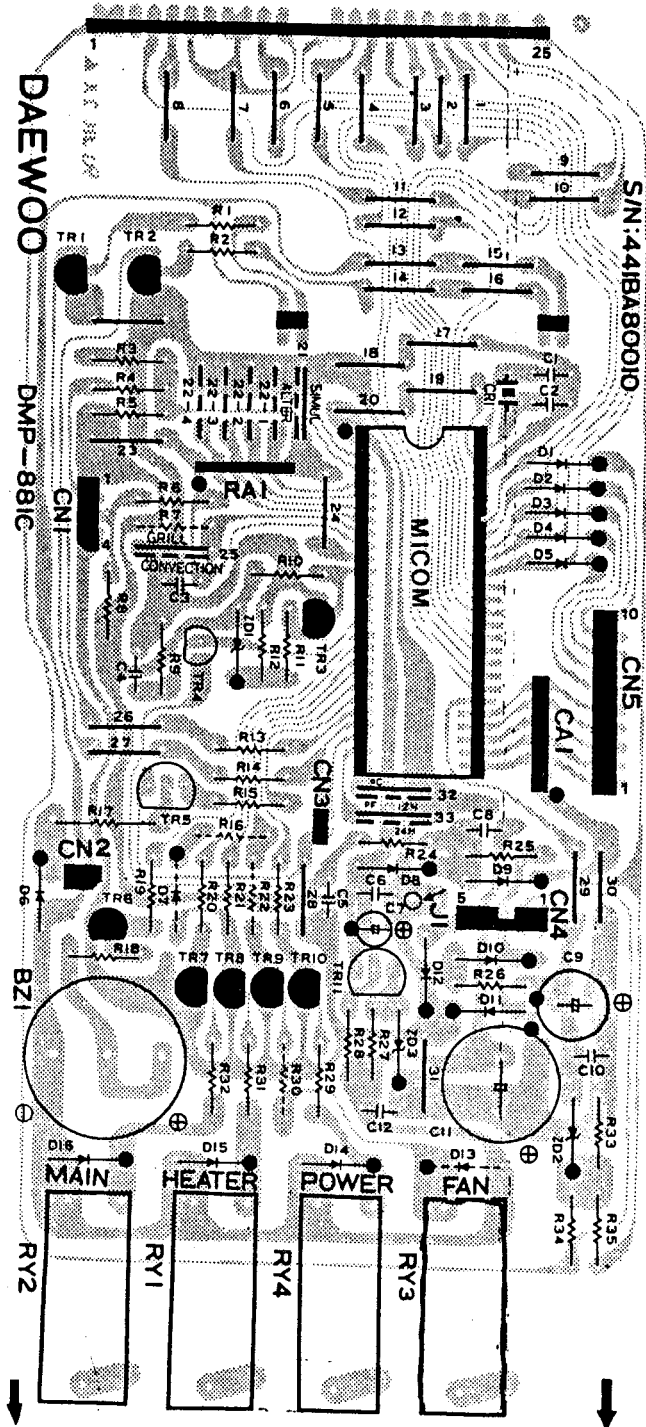
| LOC. NO. | PART CODE | DESCRIPTION |
|----------|------------|-----------------|
| 405 | 441Z756000 | Back-Plate C |
| 406 | 7621401211 | Trs 4 x 12 MFZN |
| 407 | 3514300800 | P.C. Board AS' |
| 408 | 7621401211 | Trs 4 x 12 MFZN |



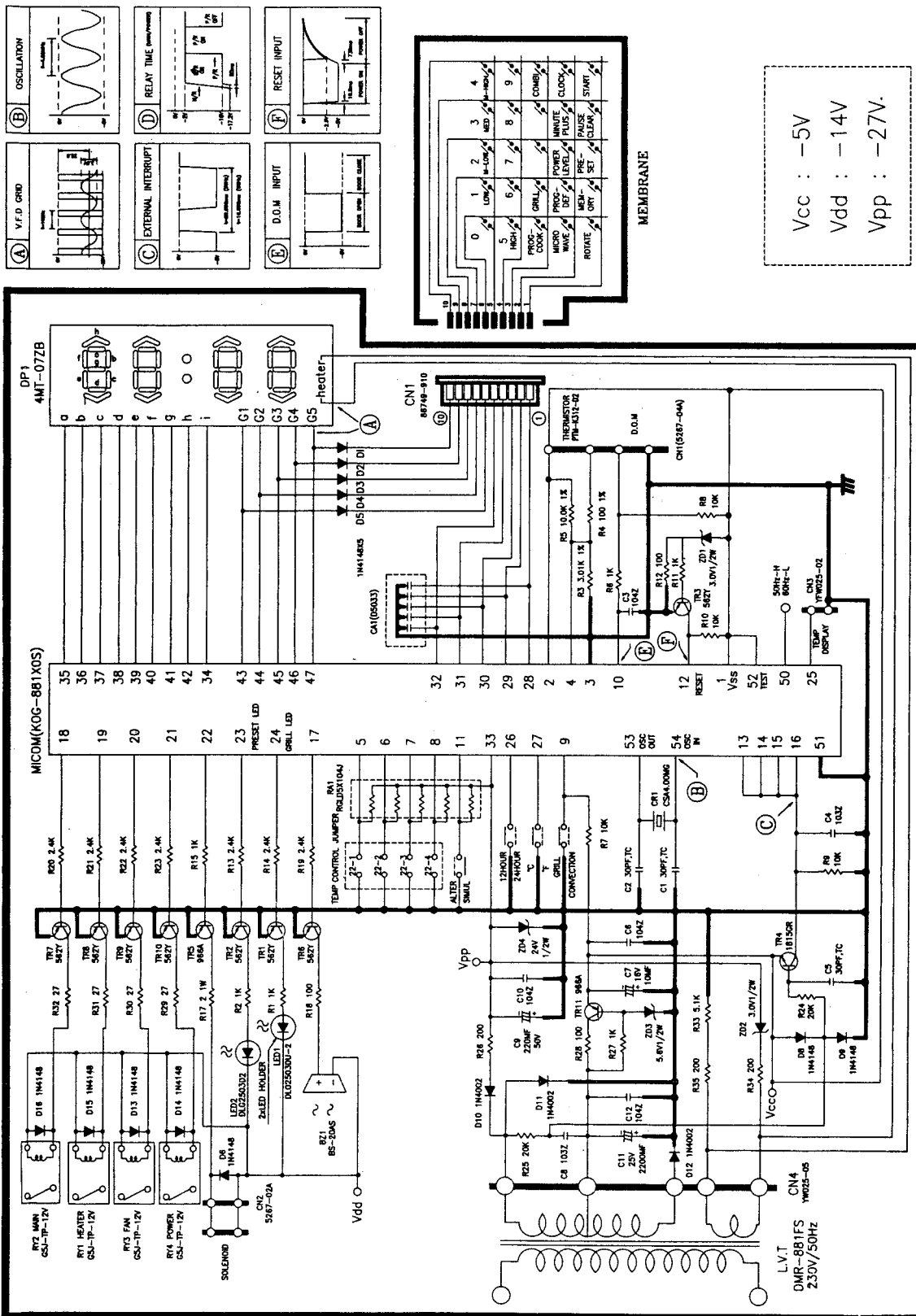
| LOC. NO. | PART CODE | DESCRIPTION |
|----------|------------|------------------------|
| 600 | 441BA87300 | Metal Rack Assembly |
| 601 | 441B687410 | Tray |
| 602 | 441B687500 | Rotating Base Assembly |
| 603 | 441Z765014 | Cabinet |
| 604 | 7126401211 | OVL 4 × 12 MFZN |
| 605 | 7112400811 | Trs 4 × 8 MFZN |

| LOC. NO. | PART CODE | DESCRIPTION |
|----------|------------|------------------------|
| 606 | 441BE87701 | Roto-Gadget |
| 607 | 4419M31011 | Tongs |
| 608 | 4414A542E1 | Cord Holder |
| 609 | 4414F92C40 | T2 Lh Stic 4 × 10 MFZN |
| 610 | 3517500400 | Protector Wire |

P.C.B (DMP-881C)



P.C.B CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

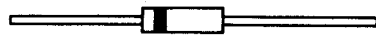



P.C.B LOCATION NO


| NO. | NAME | SYMBOL | TYPE NO. | REMARK |
|-----|----------------|--|-------------------|-------------|
| 1 | C-ARRAY | CA1 | D5033 | |
| 2 | BUZZER | BZ1 | BS-20AS | |
| 3 | CAPACITOR | C4, C8 | 0.01 μ F 50V | CERAMIC |
| 4 | CAPACITOR | C3, C6, C12, C10 | 0.1 μ 50V | CERAMIC |
| 5 | CAPACITOR | C1, C2, C5 | 30pF 50V | CERAMIC |
| 6 | CAPACITOR | C7 | 10 μ F, 35V | ELECTRO |
| 7 | CAPACITOR | C11 | 2200 μ F 25V | ELECTRO |
| 8 | CAPACITOR | C9 | 220 μ F 35V | ELECTRO |
| 9 | CONNECTOR | CN2 | 5267-02A | |
| 10 | CONNECTOR | CN1 | 5267-04A | |
| 11 | CONNECTOR | CN4 | YW025-05 | |
| 12 | DIODE | D10, D11, D12 | 1N4002 | RECTIFY |
| 13 | DIODE | D1, D2, D3, D4, D5, D9, D6, D7 D8, D13, D14, D15, D16 | 1N 4148 | SWITCHING |
| 14 | ZENER DIODE | ZD1, ZD2 | UZ3.0B 1/2W | 3.0V |
| 15 | ZENER DIODE | ZD3 | UZ5.6B 1/2W | 5.6V |
| 16 | DISPLAY | DP1 | SVM-5BS01 | V.F.D |
| 17 | EARTH-WIRE | J1 | UL1015WAG16 | |
| 18 | FILM CONNECTOR | CN5 | 86749-910 | |
| 19 | L.E.D | LED2 | DLG-2503D | GREEN |
| 20 | L.E.D | LED1 | DLO-2503DU-2 | ORANGE |
| 21 | L.E.D HOLDER | HOLDER1, 2 | 441Z980050 | |
| 22 | MICOM | MICOM | MO-KOC-881C | |
| 23 | RELAY | RY1, RY2, RY3, RY4 | G5J-TP-1-12V | |
| 24 | R-ARRAY | RY1 | RGLD5 x 104J | |
| 25 | RESISTOR | R5 | 10K Ohm 1/4W 1% | |
| 26 | RESISTOR | R4 | 100 Ohm 1/4W 1% | |
| 27 | RESISTOR | R12, R18, R28 | 100 Ohm 1/4W 5% | |
| 28 | RESISTOR | R8, R10, R7 R9 | 10K Ohm 1/4W 5% | |
| 29 | RESISTOR | R15,R6, R1, R2, R11, R27 | 1K Ohm 1/4W 5% | |
| 30 | RESISTOR | R20, R21, R19, R22, R16, R13, R14, R23 | 2.4K Ohm 1/4W 5% | |
| 31 | RESISTOR | R26, R34, R35 | 200 Ohm 1/4W 5% | |
| 32 | RESISTOR | R24, R25 | 20K Ohm 1/4W 5% | |
| 33 | RESISTOR | R32, R29, R30, R31 | 27 Ohm 1/4W 5% | |
| 34 | RESISTOR | R17 | 2 Ohm 1W 5% | METAL OXIDE |
| 35 | RESISTOR | R3 | 3.01K Ohm 1/4W 1% | |
| 36 | RESISTOR | R33 | 5.1K Ohm 1/4W 5% | |
| 37 | RESONATOR | CR1 | CSA4.00 MG | 4 MHz |
| 38 | SPONGE | SPONGE | 12 x 20 x 6 | |
| 39 | TRANSISTOR | TR9, TR1, TR2, TR3, TR6, TR7, TR8, TR10 | KSA562TMY | |
| 40 | TRANSISTOR | TR5, TR11 | KSA966A | |
| 41 | TRANSISTOR | TR4 | KSC1815GR | |

COMPONENT INFORMATION

1) Diode and Zener Diode

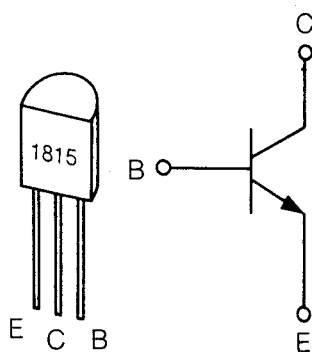


CATHODE ————  ———— ANODE DIODE

CATHODE ————  ———— ANODE Z-DIODE

2) Transistor

•C1815, GR



•A562TMY, A966A

